CONTENTS

1.2.1	GENERAL INFORMATION	71
(1)	Specific features	
(2)	How to read the model name	71
1.2.2	SELECTION DATA	72
(1)	Specifications	72
(2)	Range of usage & limitations	74
(3)	Exterior dimensions	74
(4)	Piping system	
(5)	Selection chart	76
1.2.3	ELECTRICAL DATA	77
(1)	Electrical wiring	77
1.2.4	OUTLINE OF OPERATION CONTROL BY MICROCOMPUTER	78
(1)	Operation control function by remote control switch	78
(2)	Unit ON/OFF button	80
(3)	Power blackout auto restart function	80
(4)	Custom cord switching procedure	81
(5)	Flap and louver control	
(6)	Comfortable timer setting	
(7)	Sleep timer operation	
(8)	Outline of heating operation	
(9)	Outline of cooling operation	
(10)	Outline of dehumidifying operation	
(11)	Outline of automatic operation	
(12)	Outline of fan operation	
(13)	•	
(14)	Outline of allergen clear operation	
(15)	ECONOMY operation	
(16)	External control (remote display)/control of input signal	
(17) (18)	Operation permission/prohibition control Protective control function	
` '	APPLICATION DATA	
(1)	Selection of location for installation	
(2)	Installation of indoor unit	
(3)	Installation of outdoor unit	
(4)	Refrigerant piping	
(5)	Test run	106
(6)	Precautions for wireless remote control installation and	
(-)	operation	108
(7)	Installation of wired remote control and super link adapter	
ν- /	(SC-AD-E) (Optional parts)	109
1.2.6	MAINTENANCE DATA	
	Troubleshooting procedures for electrical equipment	
(2)	* ·	
	REFRIGERANT PIPING INSTALLATION/SERVICING MANUAL	- 33
		125

1.2.1 GENERAL INFORMATION

(1) Specific features

The "MITSUBISHI HEAVY INDUSTRIES, LTD." room air-conditioner: SRK series are of split and wall mounted type and the unit consists of indoor unit and outdoor unit with refrigerant precharged in factory. The indoor unit is composed of room air cooling or heating equipment with operation control switch and the outdoor unit is composed of condensing unit with compressor.

(a) Inverter (Frequency converter) for multi-steps power control

Heating/Cooling

The rotational speed of a compressor is changed in step in relation to varying load, to interlock with the indoor and outdoor unit fans controlled to changes in frequency, thus controlling the power.

Allowing quick heating/cooling operation during start-up period. Constant room temperature by fine-tuned control after the
unit has stabilized.

(b) Fuzzy control

• Fuzzy control calculates the amount of variation in the difference between the return air temperature and the setting temperature in compliance with the fuzzy rules in order to control the air capacity and the inverter frequency.

(c) Remote control flap & louver

The Flap & louver can be automatically controlled by operating wireless remote control.

Flap swing
Louver swing
The flaps swing up and down successively.
The louvers swing left and right successively.

• Multi-directional Air Flow: Activating both up/down air swing and left/right air swing at the same time results in a multi-

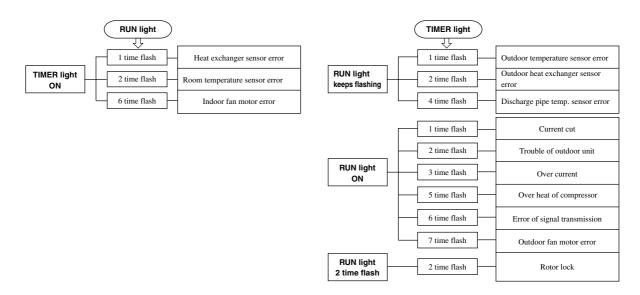
directional air flow.

• Memory flap : Once the Flap & louver position is set, the unit memorizes the position and continues to operate

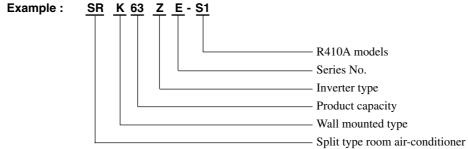
at the same position from the next time.

(d) Self diagnosis function

• We are constantly trying to do better service to our customers by installing such judges that show abnormality of operation as follows.



(2) How to read the model name



1.2.2 SELECTION DATA

(1) Specifications

Model SRK63ZE-S1 (Indoor unit) SRC63ZE-S1 (Outdoor unit)

(220/230/240V)

_			((220/200/2407		
Item				Model	SRK63ZE-S1	SRC63ZE-S1		
Cooli	ng capacity ⁽¹⁾			W	6300 (90	0~7100)		
Heatii	ng capacity ⁽¹⁾			W	7100 (90	0~9000)		
Powe	r source				1 Phase, 220)-240V, 50Hz		
	Cooling inp	ut		kW	1.8	34		
	Running current (Cooling)			Α	8.4/8.	1/7.7		
				kW	W 1.86			
Operation data ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	g Running current (Heating)			Α	8.5/8.	2/7.8		
Inrush current				Α	8.5/8.	2/7.8		
ion	СОР				Cooling: 3.42	Heating: 3.82		
rat			Sound level		Hi 43, Me 39, Lo 33, ULo 26	47		
be		Cooling	Power level	1	58	62		
0	Noise level		Sound level	dB	Hi 44, Me 38, Lo 32, ULo 27	48		
		Heating	Power level	-	59	63		
Evtor	ior dimension		Power level		59	63		
Hei	$ght \times Width \times$			mm	318 × 1098 × 248	750 × 880 × 340		
Color					Yellowish white	Stucco white		
Net w				kg	15	59		
	gerant equipm npressor type				-	TNB220FLBM1 (Twin rotary type) \times 1		
	Motor			kW	_	1.3		
	Starting me	thod			_	Line starting		
Hea	t exchanger				Slit fins & inner grooved tubing	Straight fin & inner grooved tubing		
Ref	rigerant conti	ol			Capillary tubes + Elect	tronic expansion valve		
Ref	rigerant ⁽³⁾			kg	R410A 1.9 (Pre-Charged up	to the piping length of 15m)		
Ref	rigerant oil			l	0.67 (N	IEL56)		
Dei	ce control				Microcomp	uter control		
Air ha	ındling equipi	ment			Ton contiol for y 1	Duonallan fan y 1		
Fan	type & Q'ty				Tangential fan × 1	Propeller fan \times 1		
	Motor			W	46	86		
۸ir	flow (at High)		(Cooling)	СММ	18.5	46		
All	now (at riigii)		(Heating)	CIVIIVI	21	46		
Air	filter, Q'ty				Polypropylene net (washable) × 2	-		
Shock	k & vibration a	absorber			-	Cushion rubber (for compressor)		
Electr	ric heater				-	-		
Opera	ation control				W. I. D I			
Ope	eration switch				Wireless-Remote control	-		
Roc	om temperatu	re control			Microcomputer thermostat	-		
Pilo	t lamp				RUN (Green), TIMER (Yellow), HI	POWER (Green), ECONO (Orange)		
Safety	y equipment				Compressor overheat protection, Heating overload prot	ection (High pressure control), Overcurrent protection,		
					Frost protection, Serial signal error protection, Indoor fa			
	O.D			mm (in)	Liquid line: ∳6.35 (1/4'	") Gas line: φ15.88 (5/8")		
erant	Connecting	method			Flare coi	nnecting		
ger	Attached le		ping		Liquid line: 0.70m			
Refrige piping	يَانُ إِنَّانَ اللَّهُ				Gas line : 0.63m			
P. P.	Insulation				Necessary (Both sides)			
Drain					Conne	-		
	r source supp	ly			Terminal block (S			
			Core number		1.5 mm² × 4 cores (In			
Conn	ection wiring		cting method		Terminal block (S			
Acces	ssories (inclu	-	<u> </u>		Mounting kit, Clean filter (Allergen clear filter × 1,	- - · · ·		
	nal parts	,			Wired-Rem			
Optional parts Wileu-helilote Control								

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	Standards	
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Standards
Cooling	27°C	19℃	35℃	24°C	ISO-T1, JIS C9612
Heating	20°C	-	7°C	6°C	ISO-T1, JIS C9612

The piping length is 7.5m.

If the piping length is longer, when it is $15\ \text{to}\ 30\ \text{m}$, add $25\ \text{g}$ refrigerant per meter.

⁽²⁾ The operation data are applied to the 220/230/240V districts respectively.

⁽³⁾ The refrigerant quantity to be charged includes the refrigerant in 15 m connecting piping. (Purging is not required even for the short piping.)

(220/230/240V)

						(220/230/240V)		
Item				Model	SRK71ZE-S1	SRC71ZE-S1		
Coolir	ng capacity ⁽¹⁾			W	7100 (90	00~8000)		
Heatir	ng capacity(1)			W	8000 (90	0~10500)		
Power	r source				1 Phase, 220	0-240V, 50Hz		
Cooling input				kW	2.:	21		
Running current (Cooling)			oling)	Α	10.1/9	0.7/9.3		
্র Heating input				kW	2.:	21		
Operation data ⁽¹⁾⁽²⁾	Running cu	rrent (Hea	ting)	Α	10.1/9	0.7/9.3		
8	Inrush curre	ent		Α	10.1/9	0.7/9.3		
ë	COP				Cooling: 3.21	Heating: 3.62		
ra			Sound level		Hi 45, Me 40, Lo 34, ULo 26	52		
å		Cooling	Power level		60	67		
_	Noise level		Sound level	dB	Hi 46, Me 40, Lo 34, ULo 27	49		
		Heating	Power level		60	64		
	or dimension			mm	318 × 1098 × 248	750 × 880 × 340		
Color		Борил			Yellowish white	Stucco white		
Net w				kg	15	59		
Refrig	gerant equipm npressor type			9	-	TNB220FLBM1 [Twin rotary type] × 1		
COI	Motor	a Certy		kW	_	1.3		
	Starting me	thod			_	Line starting		
Hea	it exchanger				Slit fins & inner grooved tubing	Straight fin & inner grooved turbing		
	rigerant conti	rol .				tronic expansion valve		
	rigerant ⁽³⁾	<u> </u>		kg		to the piping length of 15m)		
	rigerant oil			l l	0.67 (MEL56)			
	ce control			~	Microcomputer control			
	indling equip	ment			•			
	type & Q'ty				Tangential fan × 1	Propeller fan × 1		
	Motor			W	46	86		
	n - (-1111-1-)		(Cooling)		20	56		
Air	flow (at High)		(Heating)	СММ	22.5	46		
Air	filter, Q'ty		'		Polypropylene net (washable) × 2	-		
Shock	« & vibration a	absorber			-	Cushion rubber (for compressor)		
Electr	ic heater				-	-		
•	ation control eration switch	ı			Wireless-Remote control	-		
	om temperatu				Microcomputer thermostat	_		
	t lamp				<u> </u>	POWER (Green), ECONO (Orange)		
	y equipment				1 1 1	tection (High pressure control), Overcurrent protection,		
	O.D			mm (in)		") Gas line: \$15.88 (5/8")		
erant _	Connecting	method		()		nnecting		
Jer.	Attached le		oina		Liquid line: 0.70m			
Refrige		. بام . ت	· -9		Gas line : 0.63m	_		
Insulation						 (Both sides)		
Drain hose						ectable		
	r source supp	oly				Screw fixing type)		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		Core number		`	ncluding earth cable)		
Conne	ection wiring		cting method		`	Screw fixing type)		
Acces	ssories (inclu		<u> </u>		Mounting kit, Clean filter (Allergen clear filter × 1,	<u> </u>		
	nal parts	•				ote control		
30.0	a. parto				1 Wilcu Helli			

Notes (1) The data are measured at the following conditions.

Item	Indoor air t	emperature	Outdoor air	Standards	
Operation	DB	WB	DB	WB	Standards
Cooling	27℃	19°C	35℃	24°C	ISO-T1, JIS C9612
Heating	20°C	-	7°C	6°C	ISO-T1, JIS C9612

The piping length is 7.5m.

- (2) The operation data are applied to the 220/230/240V districts respectively.
- (3) The refrigerant quantity to be charged includes the refrigerant in 15 m connecting piping. (Purging is not required even for the short piping.)

If the piping length is longer, when it is $15\ \text{to}\ 30\ \text{m}$, add $25\ \text{g}$ refrigerant per meter.

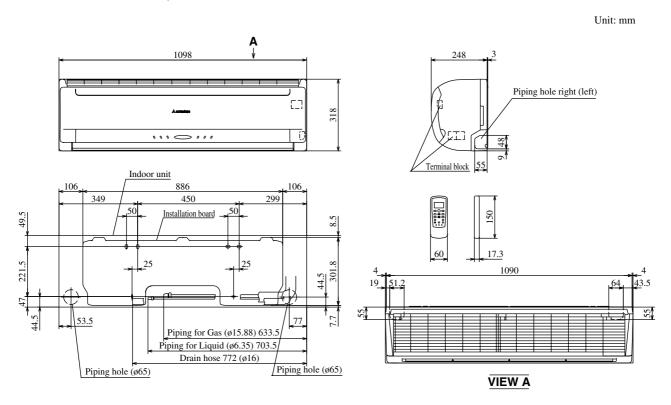
(2) Range of usage & limitations

Models	SRK63ZE-S1, 71ZE-S1
Indoor return air temperature (Upper, lower limits)	Cooling operation: Approximately 18 to 32°C Heating operation: Approximately 15 to 30°C
Outdoor air temperature (Upper, lower limits)	Cooling operation: Approximately -15 to 46°C Heating operation: Approximately -15 to 21°C
Refrigerant line (one way) length	Max. 30m
Vertical height difference between outdoor unit and indoor unit	Max. 20m (Outdoor unit is higher) Max. 20m (Outdoor unit is lower)
Power source voltage	Rating ± 10%
Voltage at starting	Min. 85% of rating
Frequency of ON-OFF cycle	Max. 7 times/h (Inching prevention 5 minutes)
ON and OFF interval	Max. 3 minutes

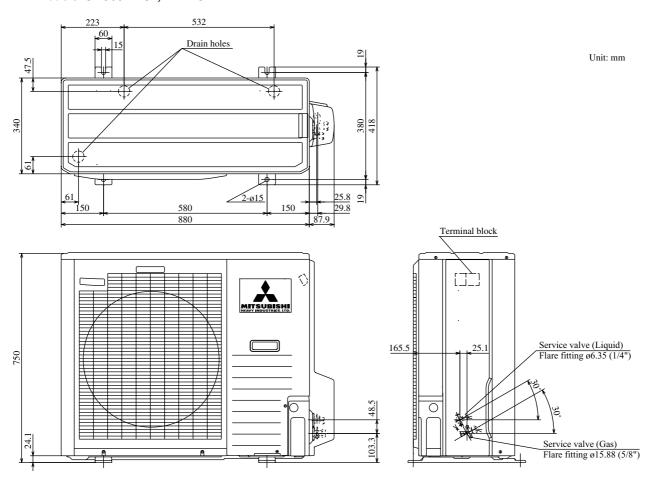
(3) Exterior dimensions

(a) Indoor unit

Models SRK63ZE-S1, 71ZE-S1

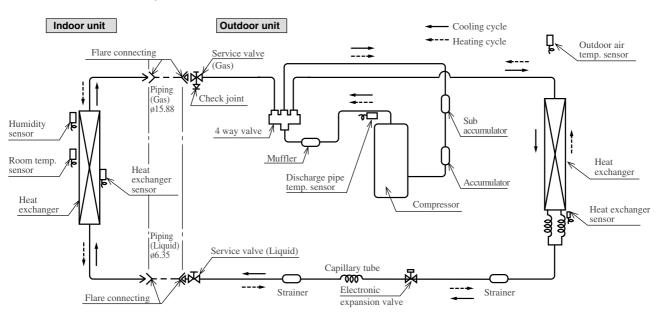


(b) Outdoor unit Models SRC63ZE-S1, 71ZE-S1



(4) Piping system

Models SRK63ZE-S1, 71ZE-S1

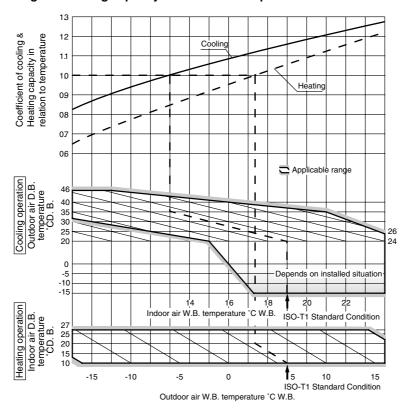


(5) Selection chart

Correct the cooling and heating capacity in accordance with the conditions as follows. The net cooling and heating capacity can be obtained in the following way.

Net capacity = Capacity shown on specification \times Correction factors as follows.

(a) Coefficient of cooling and heating capacity in relation to temperatures



(b) Correction of cooling and heating capacity in relation to one way length of refrigerant piping

It is necessary to correct the cooling and heating capacity in relation to the one way piping length between the indoor and outdoor units.

Piping length [m]	7	10	15	20	25	30
Cooling	1.0	0.99	0.975	0.965	0.95	0.935
Heating	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0

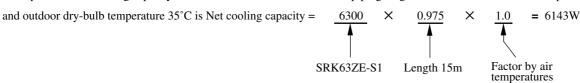
(c) Correction relative to frosting on outdoor heat exchanger during heating

In additions to the foregoing corrections (a), (b) the heating capacity needs to be adjusted also with respect to the frosting on the outdoor heat exchanger.

Air inlet temperature of outdoor unit in °CWB	-10	-9	-7	-5	-3	-1	1	3	5
Adjustment coefficient	0.95	0.94	0.93	0.91	0.88	0.86	0.87	0.92	1.00

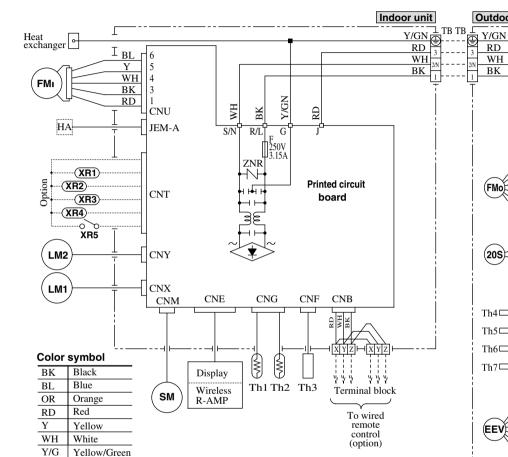
How to obtain the cooling and heating capacity

 $Example: The \ net \ cooling \ capacity \ of \ the \ model \ SRK63ZE-S1 \ with \ the \ piping \ length \ of \ 15m, indoor \ wet-bulb \ temperature \ at \ 19.0^{\circ}C$



1.2.3 ELECTRICAL DATA

Electrical wiring Models SRK63ZE-S1, 71ZE-S1



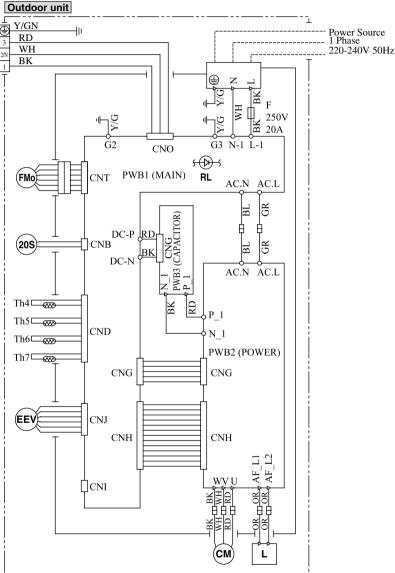
	_	
Meaning	Λf	marks

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Green

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Symbol	Parts name	Symbol	Parts name	Symbol	Parts name
CM	Compressor motor	Th3 Th4 Th5 Th6 Th7 ZNR 20S EEV	Humidity sensor	DS	Diode stack
F	Fuse		Heat exch.sensor(Outdoor unit)	L	Inductor
FMI	Fan motor(Indoor)		Outdoor air temp.sensor	RL	Inspection lamp
FMO	Fan motor(Outdoor)		Discharge pipe temp.sensor	XR1	Operation indication (DC12)
SM	Flap motor		Power transistor sensor	XR2	Heating indication (DC12)
LM1,2	Louver motor		Varistor	XR3	ON indication for CM(DC12)
Th1	Room temp.sensor		4 way valve(coil)	XR4	Check indication (DC12)
Th2	Heat exch.sensor(Indoor unit)		Electronic expansion valve	XR5	Distant operation



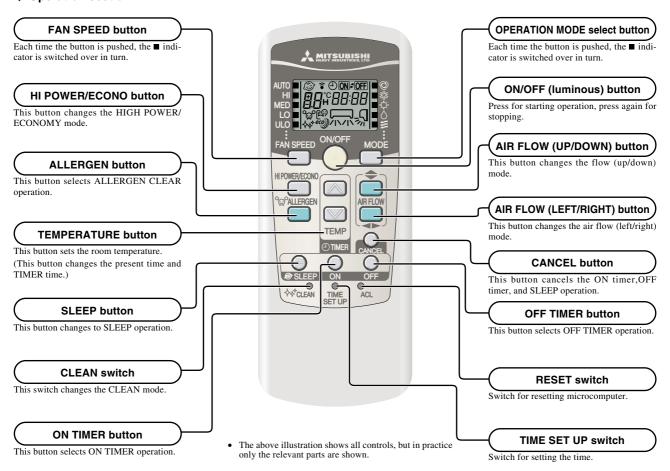
1.2.4 OUTLINE OF OPERATION CONTROL BY MICROCOMPUTER

(1) Operation control function by remote control switch

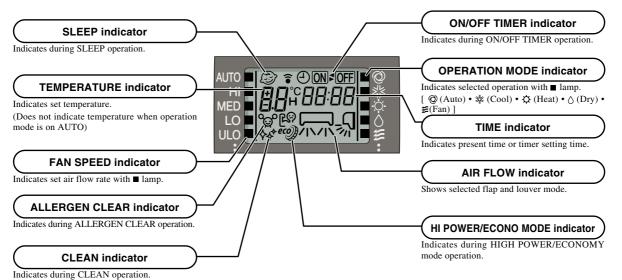
(a) Wireless remote control

Models All models

♦ Operation section



♦ Indication section



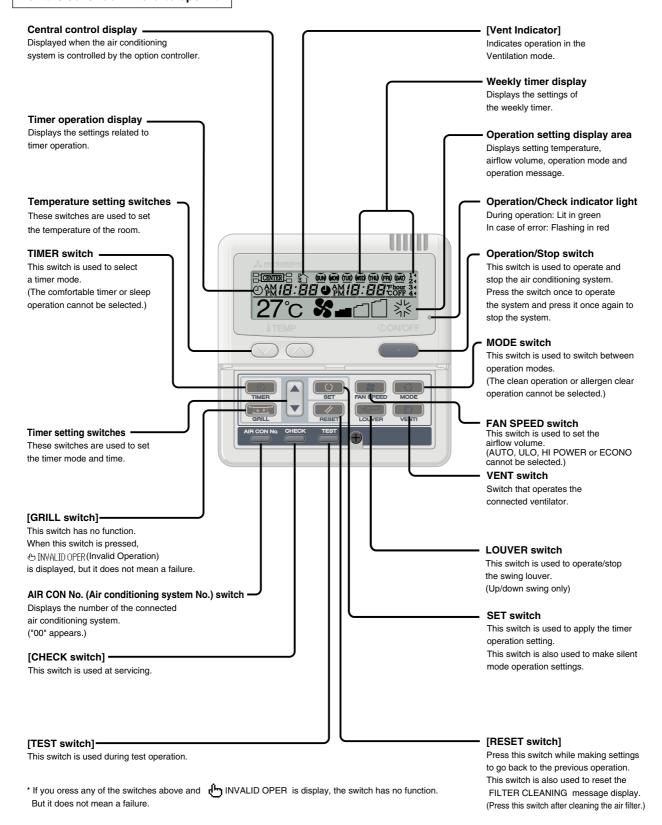
(b) Wired remote control (Optional parts)

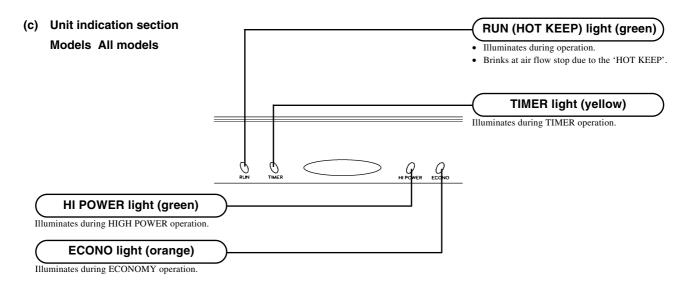
The figure below shows the remote control with the cover opened. Note that all the items that may be displayed in the liquid crystal display area are shown in the figure for the sake of explanation.

Characters displayed with dots in the liquid crystal display area are abbreviated.

Note (1) The SRK models don't support the switches and functions displayed in [].

Pull the cover downward to open it.





(2) Unit ON/OFF button

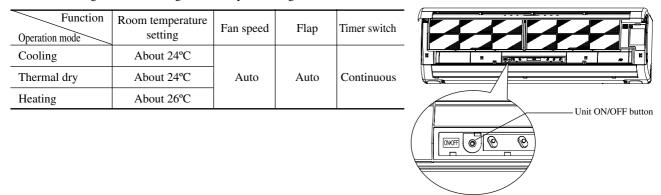
When the remote control batteries become weak, or if the remote control is lost or malfunctioning, this button may be used to turn the unit on and off.

(a) Operation

Push the button once to place the unit in the automatic mode. Push it once more to turn the unit off.

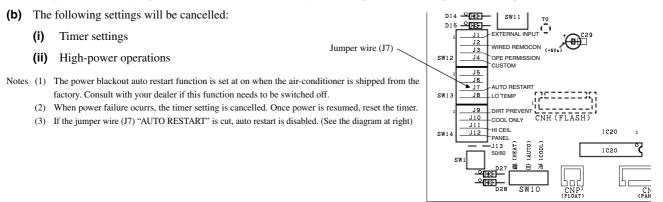
(b) Details of operation

The unit will go into the automatic mode in which it automatically determines, from room temperature (as detected by sensor), whether to go into the cooling, thermal dry or heating modes.



(3) Power blackout auto restart function

(a) Power blackout auto restart function is a function that records the operational status of the air-conditioner immediately prior to it being switched off by a power cut, and then automatically resumes operations at that point after the power has been restored.



(4) Custom cord switching procedure

If two wireless remote controls are installed in one room, in order to prevent wrong operation due to mixed signals, please modify the printed circuit board in the indoor unit's control box and the remote control using the following procedure. Be sure to modify both boards. If only one board is modified, receiving (and operation) cannot be done.

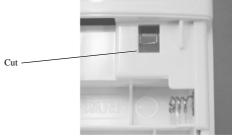
(a) Modifying the indoor unit's printed circuit board

Take out the printed circuit board from the control box and cut off jumper wire (J4) using wire cutters.

After cutting of the jumper wire, take measures to prevent contact with the other the lead wires, etc.

(b) Modifying the wireless remote control

- 1) Remove the battery.
- 2) Cut the jumper wire shown in the figure at right.



(5) Flap and louver control

Control the flap and louver by AIRFLOW ♦ (UP/DOWN) and ♦ (LEFT/RIGHT) button on the wireless remote control.

(a) (i) Swing flap

Flap moves in upward and downward directions continuously.

(ii) Swing louver

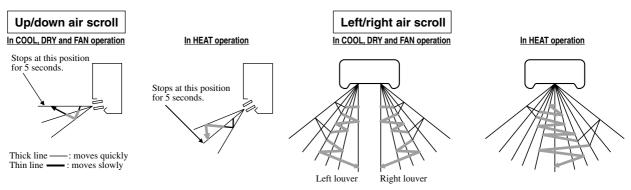
Louver moves in left and right directions continuously.

(iii) When not operating

The flap returns to the position of air flow directly below, when operation has stopped.

(b) Multi-directional Air Flow (up/down air and left/right air scroll)

Activating both up/down air swing and left/right air swing at the same time results in a multi-directional air flow.



(c) Memory flap (Flap or Louver stopped)

When you press the AIRFLOW (UP/DOWN or LEFT/RIGHT) button once while the flap or louver is operating, it stops swinging at an angle. Since this angle is memorized in the microcomputer, the flap or louver will automatically be set at this angle when the next operation is started.

• Recommendable stopping angle of the flap



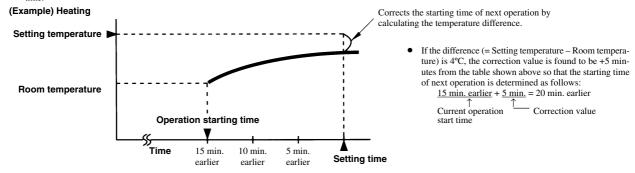
(6) Comfortable timer setting

If the timer is set at ON when the operation select switch is set at the cooling or heating, or the cooling or heating in auto mode operation is selected, the comfortable timer starts and determines the starting time of next operation based on the initial value of 15 minutes and the relationship between the room temperature at the setting time (temperature of room temperature sensor) and the setting temperature. (Max. 60 minutes)

Operation mode	C)	
At cooling	3 < Room temp. – Setting temp.	1 < Room temp. – Setting temp. ≤ 3	Room temp. – Setting temp. ≦1
At cooling	+5	No change	-5
At heating	3 < Setting temp. – Room temp.	2 < Setting temp. – Room temp. ≤ 3	Setting temp. – Room temp. ≦2
At neating	+5	No change	-5

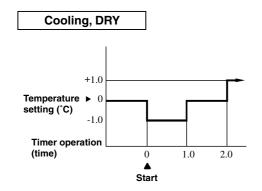
Notes (1) At 5 minutes before the timer ON time, operation starts regardless of the temperature of the room temperature sensor (Th1).

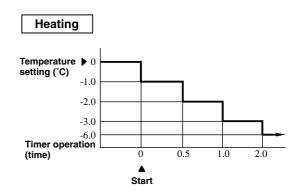
- (2) This function does not operate when in the Dry or Auto Dry and FAN mode. However, the operation in item (1) does operate in the Auto Dry and FAN mode.
- (3) During the comfortable timer operation, both the RUN light and TIMER light illuminate and the TIMER light goes off after expiration of the timer, ON setting time.



(7) Sleep timer operation

Pressing the SLEEP button causes the temperature to be controlled as shown in the following chart with respect to the set temperature.





(8) Outline of heating operation

(a) Operation of major functional components in heating mode

Functional components	When the inverter speed is 0rps	When the inverter speed is other than 0rps	When the inverter speed is 0rps due to an anomalous stop
Indoor fan motor	ON	ON	OFF
Flap and louver	ON or OFF	ON or OFF	Stop position control
Display	Lights up	Lights up	Lights up or flashes
Outdoor fan motor		ON	
4-way valve	Depending on the stop mode	ON	Depending on the stop mode
Electronic expansion valve		Depending on the EEV control	

(b) Air flow selection

(i) Speed of inverter changes within the range of selected air flow.

	Model		00//-/				
Air flow	selection	SRK63ZE-S1	SRK71ZE-S1				
Auto	Inverter command speed	12~88rps	12~95rps				
Auto	Air flow	Depends on inverter command speed.					
HI	Inverter command speed	12~88rps	12~95rps				
пі	Air flow	9th speed fixed					
	Inverter command speed	12~88rps	12~95rps				
MED	Air flow	7th speed fixed					
LO	Inverter command speed	12~74rps	12~80rps				
LO	Air flow	5th speed fixed					
	Inverter command speed	12~40rps					
ULO	Air flow	3rd spec	ed fixed				

- (ii) When the defrosting, protection device, etc. is actuated, operation is performed in the corresponding mode.
- (iii) Outdoor unit blower operates in accordance with the inverter command speed.

(c) Details of control at each operation mode (pattern)

(i) Fuzzy operation

Deviation between the room temperature setting correction temperature and the suction air temperature is calculated in accordance with the fuzzy rule, and used for control of the air capacity and the inverter command speed.

(ii) Heating thermostat operation

• Operating conditions

If the inverter command speed obtained with the fuzzy calculation drops below -24 rps during the heating fuzzy operation, the operation changes to the heating thermostat operation.

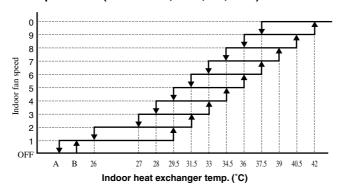
• Detail of operation

Model	ODI/007F 04 747F 04
Item	SRK63ZE-S1, 71ZE-S1
Inverter command speed	0rps [Comp. stopped]
Indoor fan motor	Hot keep N or M mode \rightarrow 1st speed
Outdoor fan motor	Stop
Flap and louver	Horizontal, center

(iii) Hot keep operation

If the hot keep operation is selected during the heating operation, the indoor blower is controlled based on the temperature of the indoor unit heat exchanger (detected with Th2, indoor unit heat exchanger sensor) to prevent blowing of cool wind.

• Hot keep N mode (Air flow: HI, MED, LO, ULO)

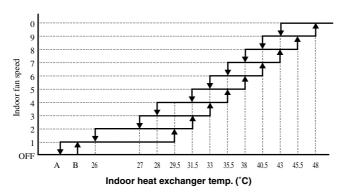


Values of A, B

	A	В
At 0 rps command	22	25
Other than 0 rps command	10	15

Note (1) Refer to the table shown above right for the values A and B.

• Hot keep M mode (Air flow: AUTO, HIGH POWER, ECONOMY)



Values of A, B

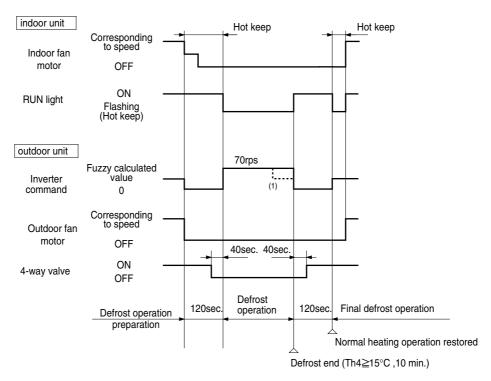
	A	В
At 0 rps command	22	25
Other than 0 rps command	10	15

Notes (1) Refer to the table shown above right for the values A and B.

(d) Defrosting operation

- (i) Starting conditions (Defrosting operation can be started only when all of the following conditions are met.)
 - 1) ① After start of heating operation → When it elapsed 45 minutes.(Accumulated compressor operation time)
 - ② After end of defrosting operation → When it elapsed 45 minutes. (Accumulated compressor operation time)
 - ③ Outdoor unit heat exchanger sensor (Th4) temperature → When the temperature has been below -5°C for 3 minutes continuously.
 - ④ The outdoor air temperature $\ge -17^{\circ}$ C
 - The difference between the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor temperature is $\ge 7^{\circ}$ C.
 - The outdoor air temperature $< -17^{\circ}$ C
 - The difference between the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor temperature is ≥ -5 °C.
 - ⑤ During continuous compressor operation (Defrost operations shall not be performed from 10 minutes after the compressor begins running.)
 - 2) In addition, when the inverter command speed from the indoor controller of the indoor unit during heating operation has counted 0 rps 10 times or more and all conditions of ①, ②, ③ and ⑤ above and when the outdoor air temperature is 3°C or less are satisfied (note that when the temperature for Th4 is -5°C or less: 30 rps or more, -4°C or less: less than 30 rps), After running at an inverter command speed of 40rps for 7 minutes, defrost operations will start.
 - 3) (1) After start of heating operation → Less than 45 minutes.(Accumulated compressor operation time)
 - 2 After end of defrosting operation \rightarrow Less than 45 minutes.(Accumulated compressor operation time)
 - ③ Outdoor unit heat exchanger sensor (Th4) temperature → When the temperature has been below -5°C for 3 minutes continuously.
 - ④ The outdoor air temperature $\ge -17^{\circ}$ C
 - The difference between the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor temperature is ≥ 20 °C.
 - The outdoor air temperature $< -17^{\circ}$ C
 - The difference between the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature and the outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor temperature is ≥ 15 °C.
 - (§) During continuous compressor operation (Defrost operations shall not be performed from 10 minutes after the compressor begins running.)

(ii) Operation of functional components during defrosting operation



Note (1) When outdoor unit heat exchanger sensor (Th4) temperature becomes 2°C or higher, inverter command changes 70 rps to 40 rps.

- (iii) Ending conditions (Operation returns to the heating cycle when either one of the following is met.)
 - ① Outdoor heat exchanger sensor (Th4) temperature: 15°C or higher
 - ② Continued operation time of defrosting \rightarrow For more than 10 min.

(e) Heating "HIGH POWER" operation (HI POWER button on remote controller: ON)

Operation is maintained for 15 minutes with a higher blow out air temperature.

• Detail of operation

Model	SRK63ZE-S1	SRK71ZE-S1				
Inverter command speed	88 rps	95 rps				
Indoor fan motor	Hot keep M mode	(max 10th speed)				
Outdoor fan motor	6th speed					

Notes (1) Room temperature is not adjusted during the HIGH POWER operation.

(2) Protective functions will actuate with priority even during the HIGH POWER operation.

(9) Outline of cooling operation

(a) Operation of major functional components in Cooling mode

Functional components	When the inverter speed is 0rps	When the inverter speed is other than 0rps	When the inverter speed is 0rps due to an anomalous stop		
Indoor fan	ON	ON	OFF		
Flap and louver	ON or OFF	ON or OFF	Stop position control		
Display	Lights up	Lights up	Lights up or flashes		
Outdoor fan motor		ON			
4-way valve	Depending on the stop mode	OFF	Depending on the stop mode		
Electronic expansion valve		Depending on the EEV control	_		

(b) Air flow selection

(i) Speed of inverter changes within the range of selected air flow.

	Model	SRK63ZE-S1	SRK71ZE-S1			
Air flow	selection	3hk032E-31	SRK/12E-31			
Auto	Inverter command speed	12~64rps	12~74rps			
Auto	Air flow	Depends on inverter command speed.				
н	Inverter command speed	12~64rps	12~74rps			
111	Air flow	8th speed fixed				
MED	Inverter command speed	12~54rps	12~62rps			
IVIED	Air flow	6th speed fixed				
LO	Inverter command speed	12~40rps	12~44rps			
LU	Air flow	4th speed fixed				
ULO	Inverter command speed	12~30rps				
	Air flow	2nd speed fixed				

- (ii) When any protective function actuates, the operation is performed in the mode corresponding to the function.
- (iii) Outdoor blower is operated in accordance with the inverter command speed.

(c) Detail of control in each mode (Pattern)

(i) Fuzzy operation

During the fuzzy operation, the air flow and the inverter command speed are controlled by calculating the difference between the room temperature setting correction temperature and the suction air temperature.

(ii) Cooling thermostat operation

1) Operating conditions

During the cooling fuzzy operation or when the inverter command speed obtained by the fuzzy calculation is less than -24 rps.

2) Detail of operation

Model	SRK63, 71ZE-S1
Inverter command speed	0 rps [Comp. stopped]
Indoor fan motor	Corresponds to fan speed switch.
Outdoor fan motor	Stop

(iii) Cooling "HIGH POWER" operation (HI POWER button on remote control: ON)

The unit is operated continuously for 15 minutes regardless of the setting temperature.

1) Detail of operation

Model		0.000					
Item	SRK63ZE-S1	SRK71ZE-S1					
Inverter command speed	64 rps	74 rps					
Indoor fan motor	8th s	peed					
Outdoor fan motor	6th speed						

Notes (1) Protective functions will actuate with priority even during the "HIGH POWER" operation.

(2) Room temperature is not adjusted during the "HIGH POWER" operation

(10) Outline of dehumidifying operation

(a) After operating the indoor blower for 20 seconds from immediately after the start of operation, the indoor temperature is checked and, based on the result of check, the cooling oriented dehumidifying or heating oriented dehumidifying is selected.

Low -3 High

Room temperature - Setting temperature (deg)

Cooling or heating oriented dehumidifying is selected again one hour after the first selection of the cooling or heating oriented dehumidifying.

(b) Outline of control

(i) Cooling oriented dehumidifying

Room temperature and relative humidity is checked at 5-minute intervals after selecting the cooling or heating oriented dehumidifying in order to determine the operation range.

Operation range	High humidity regions		(F)	€ (F)	(E)			
	Low humidity regions	① (I)	© (C)	® (C)	(B)			
		Low -	-1 () +	2 High			
	Room temperature – Setting temperature (deg)							

Note (1) Figures in the parentheses
() show the values at
ECONOMY operation.

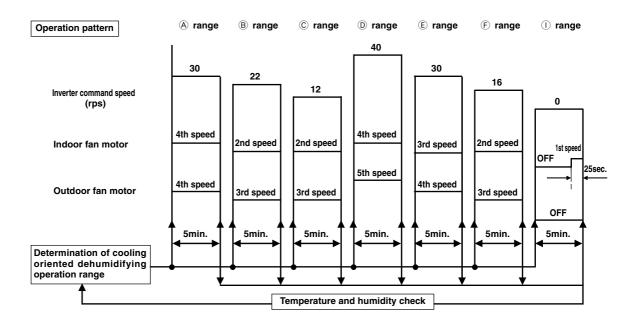
Humidity sensor's set values

High humidity regions

Low humidity regions

Relative humidity (%)

55



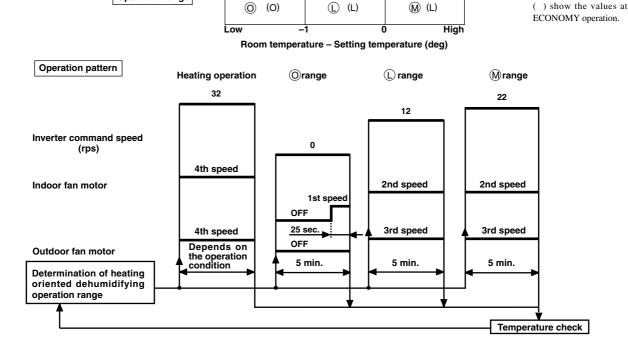
70

(ii) Heating oriented dehumidifying

Operation range

After interrupting the compressor operation for 3 minutes (by the 3-minute timer) following the determination of heating oriented dehumidifying, the unit begins in the heating operation. If the room temperature exceeds the setting temperature by 2°C or more, the unit checks the room temperature at 5-minute intervals and, depending on the result, determines the range of heating oriented dehumidifying operation within the (M) range.

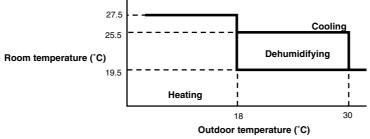
Note (1) Figures in the parentheses



(11) Outline of automatic operation

(a) Determination of operation mode

The unit checks the room temperature and the outdoor air temperature after operating the indoor and outdoor blowers for 20 seconds, determines the operation mode and the room temperature setting correction value, and then begins in the automatic operation.



- **(b)** The unit checks the temperature every hour after the start of operation and, if the result of check is not same as the previous operation mode, changes the operation mode.
- **(c)** When the unit is started again within one hour after the stop of automatic operation or when the automatic operation is selected during heating, cooling or dehumidifying operation, the unit is operated in the previous operation mode.
- (d) Setting temperature can be adjusted within the following range. There is the relationship as shown below between the signals of the wireless remote control and the setting temperature.

				Sigr	nals of v	vireless	remote	control ((Display	')				
		-6	-5	-4	-3	-2	-1	±0	+1	+2	+3	+4	+5	+6
Setting	Cooling	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
temperature	Dehumidifying	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
temperature	Heating	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32

(12) Outline of fan operation

(a) Operation of major functional components

Fan speed switching Functional components	AUTO	НІ	MED	LO	ULO	ECONO			
Inverter command speed		0rps							
Indoor fan motor	2nd speed	8th speed	6th speed	4th speed	2nd speed	2nd speed			
Outdoor fan motor	OFF								
Flap and louver	ouver Depend on the flap and louver control								

(13) Outline of clean operation

COOL, DRY, AUTO (COOL, DRY); after operation has stopped, the moisture inside the dryer air conditioner, controls the production of fungus etc.

(a) Operating condition

'Clean' is switched ON, when the air conditioner receives a STOP signal.

(b) Detail of operation

Inverter command speed	0 rps
Indoor fan motor	1st speed
Outdoor fan motor	OFF
Flap and louver	Fully closed

(c) Reset condition

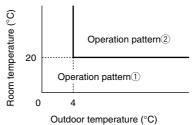
When control finishes 120 minutes after the Clean operation starts. When the stop signal is received from the remote control.

(14) Outline of allergen clear operation

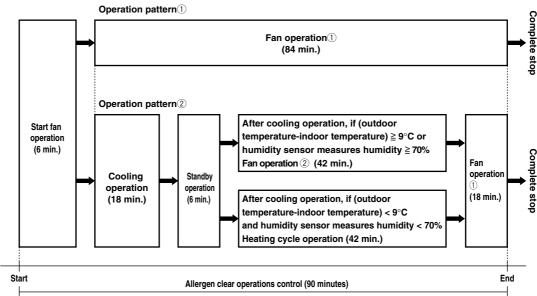
(a) The start fan operation, and decision to the operation pattern.

Indoor fan speed at 2nd speed, outdoor fan speed at 4th speed for 6 minutes, measure room temperature and outdoor temperature, decide to use operation Pattern 1 or operation Pattern 2 according to the conditions in the following diagram.

Inverter command speed	0
Indoor fan motor	2nd speed
Outdoor fan motor	4th speed
Flap and louver	Horizontal, center



(b) Operation flow



(i) Fan operation ①

1) Operation content

Inverter command speed	0 rps
Indoor fan motor	1st speed
Outdoor fan motor	OFF
Flap and louver	Fully closed/ Center

(ii) Cooling operation

1) Operation content

Inverter command speed	20 rps
Indoor fan motor	2nd speed
Outdor fan motor	3rd speed
Flap and louver	Horizoc/Center
4-way valve	OFF

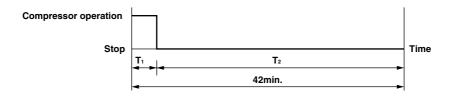
Note (1) During cooling operation safety control, frost prevention control, and cooling overload protective control are generally not applicable

(iii) Heating cycle operation

1) Operation content

	When the compressor is operating	When the compressor is stopped (Including protection stoppage)	
Inverter command speed	20 rps 0 rps		
Indoor fan motor	OFF		
Outdoor fan motor	3rd speed Determined by heating stop mo		
Flap and louver	Horizontal/ Center		
4-way valve	ON Determined by heating stop mo		

2) Operation time



(Sec.)

After cooling operation (outdoor temperature–indoor temperature)	~-12°C	-12°C ~ -10°C	-10°C ~ -8°C	-8°C ~ -6°C	-6°C ~ -4°C	-4°C ~ -2°C	−2°C ~ 0°C	0°C~4°C	4°C ~ 9°C
T ₁ (Compressor operation time)	90	80	70	60	50	40	30	20	10
T ₂ (Compressor stopped time)	2430	2440	2450	2460	2470	2480	2490	2500	2510
Heating operation control time (T ₁ +T ₂)					42min.				

(iv) Fan operation 2

1) Operation content

Inverter command speed	0 rps
Indoor fan motor	OFF
Outdoor fan motor	2nd speed
Flap and louver	Fully closed/ Center

(v) Standby operation

1) Operation content

Inverter command speed	0 rps
Indoor fan motor	OFF
Outdoor fan motor	Determined by stop mode
Flap and louver	Fully closed/ Center

(15) **ECONOMY operation** (ECONO button on remote control: ON)

- (a) The set temperature is raised by 1.5°C (0.5°C every one hour) at cooling operation and lowered by 2.5°C (Steps of 1°C, 1°C and 0.5°C every one hour) at heating operation to continue the operation with the following contents.
- **(b)** Detail of operation

Model	SRK63ZE-S1		SRK71ZE-S1		
Operation mode	Cooling	Heating	Cooling	Heating	
Inverter command speed	12~46 rps	12~60 rps	12~52 rps	12~66 rps	
Indoor fan motor	2nd, 4th speed	3rd, 5th speed	2nd, 4th speed	3rd, 5th speed	
Outdoor fan motor	3rd~5th speed				

(16) External control (remote display)/control of input signal

Make sure to connect the wired remote control unit. Control of input signal is not available without the wired remote control unit.

(a) External control (remote display) output

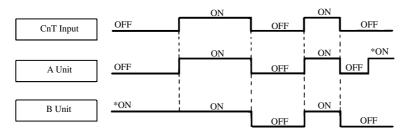
Following output connectors (CNT) are provided on the printed circuit board of indoor unit.

- (i) Operation output: Power to engage DC 12V relay (provided by the customer) is outputted during operation.
- (ii) Heating output: Power to engage DC 12V relay (provided by the customer) is outputted during the heating operation.
- (iii) **Compressor ON output:** Power to engage DC 12V relay (provided by the customer) is outputted while the compressor is operating.
- (iv) Error output: When any error occurs, the power to engage DC 12V relay (provided by the customer) is outputted.

(b) Control of input signal

Control of input signal (switch input, timer input) connectors (CNT) are provided on the control circuit board of the indoor unit. However, when the operation of air conditioner is under the Center Mode, the remote control by CnT is invalid.

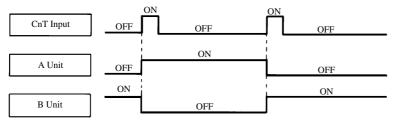
- (i) If the factory settings (Jumper wire J1 EXTERNAL INPUT on the PCB) are set, or "LEVEL INPUT" is selected in the wired remote control's indoor unit settings.
 - 1) Input signal to CnT OFF \rightarrow ON - Air conditioner ON
 - 2) Input signal to CnT ON \rightarrow OFF - Air conditioner OFF



Note (1) The ON with the * mark indicates an ON operation using the remote control unit switch, etc.

(ii) When Jumper wire J1 on the PCB of indoor unit is cut at the field or "PULSE INPUT" is selected in the wired remote control's indoor unit settings.

Input signal to CnT becomes valid at OFF \rightarrow ON only and the motion of air conditioner [ON/OFF] is inverted.



(17) Operation permission/prohibition control

The air conditioner operation is controlled by releasing the jumper wire (J3) on the indoor control board and inputting the external signal into the CnT.

(a) The operation mode is switched over between Permission and Prohibition by releasing the jumper wire (J3) on the indoor control board.

When the jumper wire (J3) is short circuited	When the jumper wire (J3) is released
Normal operation is enable (when shipping)	Permission / Prohibition mode
When CnT input is set to ON, the operation starts and	When Cnt input is set to ON, the operation mode is
if the input is set to OFF, the operation stops.	changed to permission and if input is set to OFF the
For the CnT and remote control inputs, the input which	operation is prohibited.
is activated later has priority and can start and stop the	
operation.	

(b) When the CnT input is set to ON (Operation permission)

- (i) The air conditioner can be operated or stopped by the signal from the remote control signal line.

 (When the "CENTER" mode is set, the operation can be controlled only by the center input.)
- (ii) When the CnT input is changed from OFF to ON, the air conditioner operation mode is changed depending on the status of the jumper wire (J1) on the indoor control board.

When the jumper wire (J1) is short circuited	When the jumper wire (J1) is released
The signal (i) above starts the air conditioner.	When the CnT input is set to ON, the air conditioner
(Shipping status)	starts operation. After that, the operation of the air conditioner depends on (i) above. (Local status)

(c) When the CnT input is set to OFF (Prohibition)

- (i) The air conditioner cannot be operated or stopped by the signal from the remote control signal line.
- (ii) The air conditioner operation is stopped when the CnT input is changed from ON to OFF.
- (d) When the operation permission / prohibition mode is set to effective by the indoor function setting selected by the remote control, the operation depends on (a) above.

(18) Protective control function

(a) Indoor fan motor protection

When the air conditioner is operating and the indoor fan motor is turned ON, if the indoor fan motor has operated at 300 rpm or under for more than 30 seconds, the unit enters first in the stop mode and then stops the entire system.

TIMER light illuminates simultaneously and the RUN light flashing 6 times at each 8-second.

(b) Dew condensation prevention control [Cooling (including automatic), cooling oriented dehumidifying operation]

- (i) Operating conditions: When all of the following conditions are met.
 - ① When the inverter command speed is higher than 20 rps, and the humidity sensor value is higher than 68% continuously for more than 20 minutes.
 - ② Indoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ Room temperature −12°C.

(ii) Detail of operation:

- ① Indoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ Room temperature −12°C
 - The inverter command speed is reduced 4rps at each 20 seconds. Lower limit speed is 20 rps.
- ② Room temperature −12°C <Indoor heat exchanger temperature ≦ Room temperature −8°C

The inverter command speed is maintained for 20 seconds.

- ③ When this control continues for more than 30 minutes, carry out air flow control.
 - a) Up/down air flow

When selecting other than Up/down swing or multi-directional air flow, compel flat orientation.

b) Left/right air flow

When selecting other than Left/right swing or multi-directional air flow, compel centralized orientation.

- (iii) Reset conditions: When either of the following conditions is satisfied.
 - 1 The humidity sensor value is less than 63%.
 - 2 The inverter command speed is less than 20 rps.
 - 3 Indoor heat exchanger temperature > Room temperature -8°C.

The inverter command speed is raised by 1rps and kept at that speed for 20 seconds. This process is repeated until the calculated speed is reached.

(c) Frost prevention for indoor heat exchanger (During cooling or dehumidifying)

- ◆ < I >
- (i) Operating conditions: After the inverter command speed is at a value other than 0 rps for ten minutes, when the indoor heat exchanger temperature is less than 2.5°C.

(ii) Detail of operation

1)

Inverter command speed	0rps	
Indoor fan motor	Depends on inverter command speed	
Outdoor fan motor	OFF	
4-way valve	OFF	

- 2) If the indoor heat exchanger temperature reaches more than 8°C, the inverter command speed shall be limited to 50rps to restart operation.
- (iii) Reset conditions: Indoor heat exchanger temperature reaches more than 8°C, inverter command speed is at a value other than 0rps for 10 minutes.

< II >

- (i) Operating conditions: When all of the following conditions are met.
 - 1 After the inverter command speed is at a value other than 0 rps for 8 minutes, when the indoor heat exchanger temperature is less than 5°C.
 - 2 When the inverter command speed is more than 20 rps.

(ii) Detail of operation:

Indoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 5°C

The inverter command speed is reduced 4rps at each 20 seconds. Lower limit speed is 20 rps.

② 5°C <Indoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 8°C</p>

The inverter command speed is maintained for 20 seconds.

- (iii) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.
 - 1 The inverter command speed is less than 20rps.
 - 2 The indoor heat exchanger temperature is more than 8°C.

The inverter command speed is raised by 1rps and kept at that speed for 20 seconds. This process is repeated until the calculated speed is reached.

(d) Cooling overload protective control

(i) Operating conditions: When the outdoor unit is operating with the outdoor unit speed of other than 0 rps, and when the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) becomes 41°C or over for 30 seconds continuously.

(ii) Detail of operation

- 1) Outdoor fan is stepped up by 3 speed step. (Upper limit speed is 7th speed.)
- 2) The lower limit of control speed is set to 30 rps and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 30 rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 rps.
- (iii) Reset conditions: When either of the following condition is satisfied.
 - ① When the outdoor air temperature becomes 40°C or less.
 - 2 When the inverter command speed is 0rps.

(e) Cooling low outdoor temperature protective control

- < I >
- (i) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) is 22°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while outdoor speed is other than 0rps.
- (ii) **Detail of operation:** After the outdoor fan operates at 3rd speed for 60 seconds; the corresponding outdoor heat exchanger temperature shall implement the following controls.
 - ① Outdoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 22°C

After the outdoor fan speed drops (down) to one speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 22°C, gradually reduce the outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Lower limit speed is 1st speed)

② 22°C < Outdoor heat exchanger temperature ≤ 40°C</p>

After the outdoor fan speed maintains at 3rd speed for 20 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is 22°C~40°C, maintain outdoor fan speed.

3 Outdoor heat exchanger tempeature > 40°C

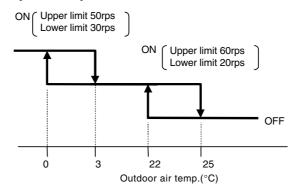
After the outdoor fan speed rises (up) to 1 speed for 60 seconds; if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 40°C, gradually increase outdoor fan speed by 1 speed. (Upper limit speed is 3rd speed)

- (iii) Reset conditions: When the either of the following conditions is satisfied
 - 1) When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) becomes 25°C or higher.
 - When the inverter command speed is 0rps.

- < II >
- (i) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) is 22°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while outdoor speed is other than 0rps.

(ii) Detail of operation:

- 1 The lower limit of inverter command speed is set to 20(30)rps and even if the speed becomes lower than 20(30)rps, the speed is kept to 20(30)rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0rps.
- 2 The upper limit of control speed is set to 60(50)rps and even if the calculated result becomes higher than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 60(50)rps.



- (iii) Reset conditions: When the either of the following condition is satisfied
 - 1 When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) becomes 25°C or higher.
 - 2 When the inverter command speed is 0rps.

(f) High pressure control

- (i) Purpose: Prevents anomalous high pressure operation during heating.
- (ii) **Detector:** Indoor heat exchanger sensor (Th2)

(iii) Detail of operation:

1 56°C ≤ Indoor heat exchanger temperature < 58°C

The inverter command speed is reduced 2rps at each 20 seconds. When the indoor unit heat exchanger temperature is 58°C or higher but less 61°C, the speed is reduced 4rps at each 20 seconds. The lower limit speed is 30rps. When the temperature is 61°C or higher for 1 minute continuously, the inverter is stopped.

2 48.5° C \leq Indoor unit heat exchanger temperature $< 56^{\circ}$ C

The inverter command speed is been maintained and the operation has continued for more than 20 seconds at the same speed, it returns to the normal heating operation.

Note (1) Indoor fan retains the fan tap when it enters in the high pressure control. Outdoor fan is operated in accordance with the speed.

(iv) Reset conditions: When the indoor heat exchanger temperature is less than 48.5°C

The inverter command speed is raised by 1rps and kept at that speed for 20 seconds. This process is repeated until the calculated speed is reached.

(g) Heating overload protective control

(i) Operating conditions: When the unit is operating with the outdoor unit speed other than 0 rps or when the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) rose beyond 22°C for 30 seconds continuously.

(ii) Detail of operation:

- 1 Taking the upper limit of control speed range at 50 rps, if the output speed obtained with the fuzzy calculation exceeds the upper limit, the upper limit value is maintained.
- ② The lower limit of control speed is set to 30 rps and even if the calculated result becomes lower than that after fuzzy calculation, the speed is kept to 30 rps. However, when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0 prs.
- ③ The outdoor fan is lowered forcibly by 1step. (Lower limit speed is 2nd speed.)
- (c) Reset conditions: When the outdoor air temperature drops below 21°C.

(h) Heating low outdoor temperature protective control

< I >

(i) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) is 4°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while outdoor speed is other than 0rps.

(ii) Detail of operation: When the inverter command speed is less than 20rps, the speed is forcibly set at 20rps. However,

when the thermo becomes OFF, the speed is reduced to 0rps.

(iii) **Reset conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) becomes 6°C or higher.

< II >

(i) Operating conditions: When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) is 4°C or lower continues for 30 seconds while outdoor speed is other than 0rps.

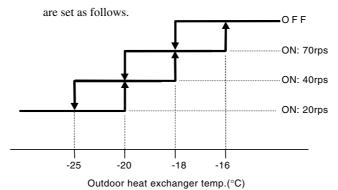
(ii) **Detail of operation:** Outdoor fan is stepped up by 2 speed step. (Upper limit 7th speed)

(iii) **Reset conditions:** When the outdoor air temperature sensor (Th5) becomes 6°C or higher.

♦ < III >

(i) Operating conditions: When the outdoor unit is operating with the speed of other than 0rps, and when the outdoor heat exchanger temperature (Th4) is less than -18°C.

(ii) Detail of operation: The inverter command speed upper limit and corresponding outdoor heat exchanger temperature



- (iii) Reset conditions: When the either of the following conditions is satisfied
 - ① When the outdoor heat exchanger temperature (Th4) becomes -16°C or higher.
 - 2 When the inverter command speed is 0rps.

(i) Compressor protection start

- (i) When the indoor unit calculated speed is 30rps or over at operation start, the unit is operated with 30rps for 1 minute and 45 seconds. After that when the calculated speed is 38rps or over, the unit is operated with 38rps for 1 minute and 15 seconds. After that when the calculated speed is 46rps or over, the unit is operated with 46rps for 1 minute. After that when the calculated speed is 54rps or over, the unit is operated with 54rps for 1 minute then moved to command speed.
- (ii) At thermo operation (OFF \rightarrow ON) this control is not executed.
- (iii) The indoor unit fan corresponds to the command speed of each operation mode.

Note (1) When the calculated speed is less than 30 rps, the unit is started with low load starting described in article (k).

(j) Inching prevention

When the compressor goes into the thermo operation within 5 minutes since operation start or becomes various dehumidifying operations, the operation is continued with the command speed of 12 rps forcibly.

(k) Low load starting

- (i) When the unit is started with calculated speed of less than 20 rps, it is operated with 20 rps for 60 seconds, then the operation is moved to the command speed.
- (ii) The indoor fan corresponds to the operation mode.

Cooling: Speed corresponding to the command speed of air flow switching

Dehumidification: Speed decided in the operation region

Heating: The lower one between the speed corresponding to the command speed and the hot keep speed

(I) Freezing cycle system protective control

- (i) Operating conditions: When both of following conditions have continued for more than 5 minutes later than 5 minutes after the start of operation.
 - 1) Inverter command speed is higher than 60 rps
 - 2) During cooling, dehumidifying: Indoor heat exchanger temperature–Room temperature > -4°C During heating: Indoor heat exchanger temperature–Room temperature < 6°C
- (ii) Detail of operation: The inverter command speed repeats 30 minutes at 30rps↔2 minutes at 62 rps.
- (iii) Reset conditions: When the condition becomes outside of either conditions 1) or 2) shown above
 - Note (1) This control is valid when the room air temperature is in the range of 10 to 40°C at cooling and dehumidification operation and 0 to 40°C at heating operation.

(m) Prevention of continuous low speed operation: For oil return to compressor

- (i) Operating conditions: When inverter command speed of less than 20 rps continues for 60 minutes
- (ii) **Detail of operation:** The unit is operated at inverter command speed of 30 rps forcibly for 15 seconds. (The indoor and outdoor fans are not changed.)

Note (1) When the inverter command of exceeding 30 rps is directed during 30 rps forced operation, the unit follows it.

(n) Current cut

- (i) **Purpose:** Inverter is protected from overcurrent.
- (ii) **Detail of operation:** Output current from the converter is monitored with a shunt resistor and, if the current exceeds the setting value, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after a delay time of 3 minutes.

(o) Outdoor unit failure

This is a function for determining when there is trouble with the outdoor unit during air conditioning.

The compressor is stopped if any one of the following in item 1), 2) is satisfied. Once the unit is stopped by this function, it is not restarted.

- 1) When the input current is measured at 1 A or less for 3 continuous minutes or more.
- 2) If the outdoor unit sends a 0 rps signal to the indoor unit 3 times or more within 20 minutes of the power being turned on.

(p) Current safe

- (i) **Purpose:** Current is controlled not to exceed the upper limit of the setting operation current.
- (ii) **Detail of operation:** Input current to the converter is monitored with the current sensor fixed on the printed circuit board of the outdoor unit and, if the operation current value reaches the limiting current value, the outdoor unit speed is reduced.

If the mechanism is actuated when the speed of outdoor unit is less than 20 rps, the compressor is stopped immediately. Operation starts again after a delay time of 3 minutes.

(q) Power transistor overheat protection

(i) **Purpose:** In order to prevent the power transistor overheating during operation, faulty controller operations, deterioration, damage and so on occurs.

(ii) Detail of operation:

① Power transistor sensor temperature ≥ 110°C

The compressor is stopped immediately. When the power transistor sensor temperature is less than 80°C, restart.

2 90°C ≤ Power transistor sensor temperature < 110°C

The outdoor unit speed drops to 4 rps. After 20 seconds, the outdoor unit speed performs the following controls, according to the power thansistor sensor temperature.

If the previous sensor temperature \subseteq current sensor temperature	reduce by 4rps	
If the previous sensor temperature > current sensor temperature	reduce by 2rps	

	Cooling	Heating
Lower limit speed	20rps	20rps

③ 80° C ≤ Power transistor sensor temperature < 90° C

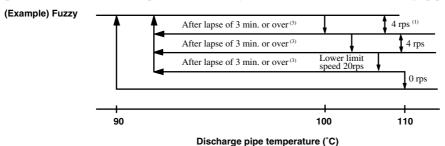
Maintain the outdoor unit speed. When the rotation speed is the same for 6 minutes, or when the power transistor sensor temperature is less than 80°C. The speed is raised by 2rps and kept at that speed for 1 minute. This process is repeated until the inverter command speed is reached.

(r) Compressor overheat protection

(i) **Purpose:** It is designed to prevent deterioration of oil, burnout of motor coil and other trouble resulting from the compressor overheat.

(ii) Detail of operation

1) Speeds are controlled with temperature detected by the sensor mounted on the discharge pipe.



Notes (1) When the discharge pipe temperature is in the range of 100 to 110°C, the speed is reduced by 4 rps.

- (2) When the discharge pipe temperature is raised and continues operation for 20 seconds without changing, then the speed is reduced again by 4 rps.
- (3) If the discharge pipe temperature is still 90 °C or greater but less than 100 °C even when the inverter command speed is maintained for 3 minutes when the temperature is 90 °C or greater but less than 100 °C, the speed is raised by 1 rps and kept at that speed for 3 minutes. This process is repeated until the calculated speed is reached.
- 2) If the temperature of 110°C is detected by the sensor on the discharge pipe, then the compressor will stop immediately. When the discharge pipe temperature drops and the time delay of 3 minutes is over, the unit starts again within 1 hour but there is no start at the third time.

(s) Serial signal transmission error protection

- (i) **Purpose:** Prevents malfunction resulting from error on the indoor \leftrightarrow outdoor signals.
- (ii) **Detail of operation:** If the compressor is operating and a serial signal cannot be received from the indoor control with outdoor control having serial signals continuously for 1 minute and 55 seconds, the compressor is stopped.

After the compressor has been stopped, it will be restarted after the compressor start delay if a serial signal can be received again from the indoor control.

(RUN light: ON, TIMER light: 6 times flash)

(t) Compressor lock

If the motor for the compressor does not turn 1/12 revolution 0.044 seconds after it has been started, it is determined that a compressor lock has occurred and the compressor is stopped.

(u) Outdoor fan motor protection

If the outdoor fan motor has operated at 75rpm or under for more than 30 seconds, the inverter and fan motor are stopped.

(v) Stop mode

(i) Operating conditions: When the operation mode is changed, when the dehumidifying operation is changed from the heating oriented mode to the cooling oriented mode or vice versa, or when the inverter speed turns to 0 rps. [When 0 rps is commanded from the indoor unit controller, or when an outdoor protective function is actuated]

(ii) Detail of operation

Functional		When the complete s when there is and abno	top command is given, ormal stoppage command	When stoppage occurs due to thermostat operation, switching operations and protective function operations		
components	Operation	Cooling,cooling oriented dehumidifying	Heating,heating oriented dehumidifying	Cooling,cooling oriented dehumidifying	Heating,heating oriented dehumidifying	
Inverter command speed	Decision rps	3 min.	3 min.	2 min.55 sec.	2 min.55 sec.	
	0 rps	-	-		-	
Outdoor unit fun	According to outdoor rps					
	OFF	-	-		-	
4-way valve	ON					
	OFF				- - - - 	
Indoor unit fun	According to indoor rps				Hot keep 1st speed	
	OFF	-	-			
Flap	Fully closed		-			
	Set location					
EEV	150 pulse EEV control	2 min.55 sec. 470 pulse	2 min.55 sec. 470 pulse	470 pulse 40 sec.	470 pulse 40 sec.	
		\(\triangle \) \(\triangle	Stop instructions All stop	Stop instructions Restart	Stop instructions Restart	

1.2.5 APPLICATION DATA

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Please read these "Safety Precautions" first then accurately execute the installation work.
- Though the precautionary points indicated herein are divided under two headings, AWARNING and ACAUTION, those points which are related to the strong possibility of an installation done in error resulting in death or serious injury are listed in the AWARNING section. However, there is also a possibility of serious consequences in relationship to the points listed in the ACAUTION section as well. In either case, important safety related information is indicated, so by all means, properly observe all that is mentioned.
- After completing the installation, along with confirming that no abnormalities were seen from the operation tests, please explain operating methods as well as maintenance methods to the user (customer) of this equipment, based on the owner's manual.

 Moreover, ask the customer to keep this sheet together with the owner's manual.

! WARNING

- To disconnect the appliance from the mains supply this appliance must be connected to the mains by means of a circuit breaker or a switch (use a recognized 20A) with a contact separation of at least 3mm.
- The appliance shall be installed in accordance with national wiring regulations.
- This system should be applied to places as households, residences and the like. Application to inferior environment such as engineering shop could cause equipment malfunction.
- Please entrust installation to either the company which sold you the equipment or to a professional contractor. Defects from improper installations can be the cause of water leakage, electric shocks and fires.
- Execute the installation accurately, based on following the installation manual. Again, improper installations can result in water leakage, electric shocks and fires.
- For installation, confirm that the installation site can sufficiently support heavy weight. When strength is insufficient, injury can result from a falling of the unit.
- For electrical work, please see that a licensed electrician executes the work while following the safety standards related to electrical equipment, and local regulations as well as the installation instructions, and that only exclusive use circuits are used.
 - Insufficient power source circuit capacity and defective installment execution can be the cause of electric shocks and fires.
- Accurately connect wiring using the proper cable, and insure that the external force of the cable is not conducted
 to the terminal connection part, through properly securing it. Improper connection or securing can result in heat
 generation or fire.
- Take care that wiring does not rise upward, and accurately install the lid/service panel.It's improper installation
 can also result heat generation or fire.
- When setting up or moving the location of the air conditioner, do not mix air etc. or anything other than the designated refrigerant (R410A) within the refrigeration cycle.
 - Rupture and injury caused by abnormal high pressure can result from such mixing.
- Always use accessory parts and authorized parts for installation construction. Using parts not authorized by this
 company can result in water leakage, electric shock, fire and refrigerant leakage.
- Ventilate the work area when refrigerant leaks during the operation.
 Coming in contact with fire, refrigerant could generate toxic gas.
- Confirm after the foundation construction work that refrigerant does not leak.
 If coming in contact with fire of a fan heater, a stove or movable cooking stove, etc., refrigerant leaking in the room could generate toxic gas.
- In joining pipes, do not use conventional (R22) pipng flare nuts, etc. The use of conventional pipng materials may lead to the rapture of piping due to higher pressure used for the refrigerant cycle and possible personal injury. (Use only piping material designed specifically for R410A)

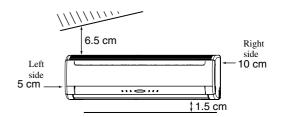
A CAUTION

- Execute proper grounding. Do not connect the ground wire to a gas pipe, water pipe, lightning rod or a telephone ground wire.
 - Improper placement of ground wires can result in electric shock.
- The installation of an earth leakage breaker is necessary depending on the established location of the unit. Not installing an earth leakage breaker may result in electric shock.
- Do not install the unit where there is a concern about leakage of combustible gas.
 The rare event of leaked gas collecting around the unit could result in an outbreak of fire.
- For the drain pipe, follow the installation manual to insure that it allows proper drainage and thermally insulate it to prevent condensation. Inadequate plumbing can result in water leakage and water damage to interior items.
- Do not place objects near the outdoor unit or allow leaves to gather around the unit. If there are objects or leaves
 around the outdoor unit, small animals may enter unit and contact electrical parts resulting in break down,
 emission of smoke or flame.

(1) Selection of location for installation

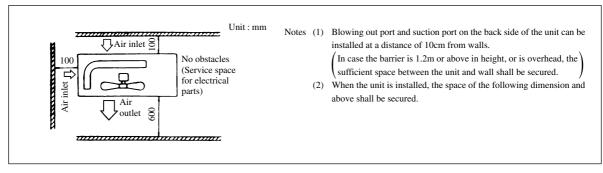
(a) Indoor unit

- (i) Where there is no obstructions to the air flow and where the cooled air can be evenly distributed.
- (ii) A solid place where the unit or the wall will not vibrate.
- (iii) A place where there will be enough space for servicing. (Where space mentioned right can be secured)
- (iv) Where wiring and the piping work will be easy to conduct.
- (v) The place where receiving part is not exposed to the direct rays of the sun or the strong rays of the street lighting.
- (vi) A place where it can be easily drained.
- (vii) A place separated at least 1m away from the television or the radio.(To prevent interfence to images and sound.)

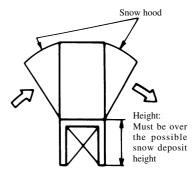


(b) Outdoor unit

- (i) A place where good air circulation can be obtained and where rain, snow or sunshine will not directly strike the unit.
 - A place where intake air temperature is over 46°C, it is desirable to install a roof avoiding the sunlight.
- (ii) A place where discharged hot air or unit's operating sound will not be a nuisance to the neighborhood.
- (iii) A place where servicing space can be secured.
- (iv) A place where vibration will not be enlarged.
- (v) Avoid installing in the following palces.
 - A place near the bed room and the like, so that the operation noise will cause no trouble.
 - A place where there is possibility of flammable gas leakage.
 - · A place exposed to strong wind.
- (vi) Do not install the unit near the seaside, or where there is possibility of chlorine gas generation.

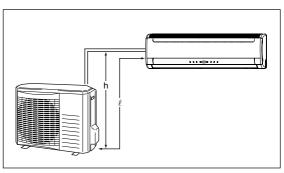


- (vii) In heating operation, snow deposit on the heat-exchanger of outdoor unit must be prevented for keeping the normal performance capacity.
 - 1) Snow-hood on outdoor unit as in drawing, will reduce the frequency of defrost operation.
 - When installing the snow hood, take care so that the air outlet of the snow hood will not face directly into the most windy direction.
 - 2) Design the base higher than possible snow deposit.



(c) Limitations for one way piping length and vertical height difference.

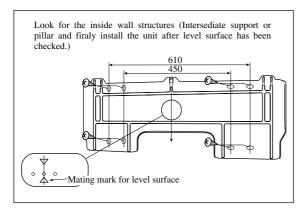
	Model	
Item		All models
One way piping	g length (ℓ)	30 m
	Outdoor	20 m
Vertical height	unit is lower	20 111
difference (h)	Outdoor unit	20
	is higher	20 m



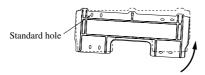
(2) Installation of indoor unit

(a) Installation of installation board

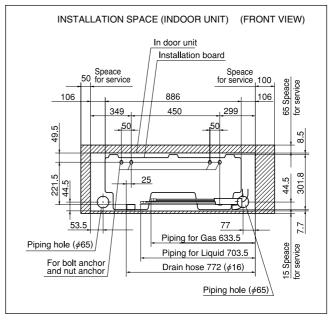
(i) Fixing of installation board



Adjustment of the installation board in the horizontal direction is to be conducted with four screws in a temporary tightened state.



Adjust so that board will be level by turning the board with the standard hole as the center.

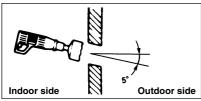


Fixing on concrete wall			
Use of nut anchor	Use of bolt anchor		
Bolt (M6 × 12) Mounting board	Nut (M6) Mounting board Max. 10		

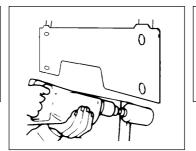
(b) Drilling of holes and fixture sleeve (Option parts)

When drilling the wall that contains a metal lath, wire lath or metal plate, be sure to use pipe hole sleeve sold separately.

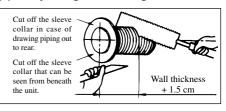
(i) Drill a hole with ø65 whole core drill



Note (1) Drill a hole with incline of 5 degree from indoor side to outdoor side.



(ii) Adjusting sleeve length

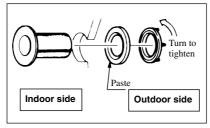


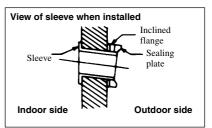
(iii) Install the sleeve

(Inserting sleeve)

(*Sleeve + *Inclined + *Sealing plate)







(c) Preparation of indoor unit

(i) Mounting of connecting wires

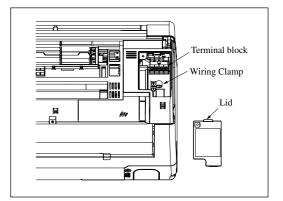
- 1) Open the air inlet panel.
- 2) Remove the lid.
- 3) Remove the wiring clamp.
- 4) Connect the connecting wire securely to the terminal block.

Use cables for interconnection wiring to avoid loosening of the wires.

CENELEC code for cables. Required field cables.

H05RNR4G1.5 (Example)

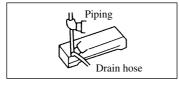
- H Harmonized cable type
- 05 300/500 volts
- R Natural-and/or synth, rubber wire insulation
- N Polychloroprene rubber conductors insulation
- R Standed core
- 4 Number of conductors
- G One conductor of the cable is the earth conductor (yellow/green)
- 1.5 Section of copper wire (mm²)



- ① Connect the connection wire securely to the terminal block. If the wire is not affixed completely, contact will be poor, and it is dangerous as the terminal block may heat up and catch fire.
- (2) Take care not to confuse the terminal numbers for indoor and outdoor connections.
- 3 Affix the connection wire using the wiring clamp.
- 5) Fix the connecting wire by wiring clamp.
- 6) Attach the lid.
- 7) Close the air inlet panel.

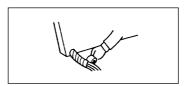
(ii) Installing the support of piping

[Shaping the piping]



 Hold the bottom of the piping and fix direction before stretching it and shaping it.

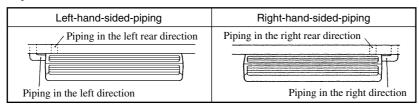
[Taping of the exterior]

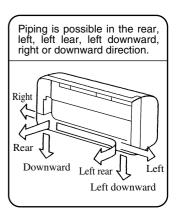


Tape only the portion that goes through the wall.
 Always tape the crossover wiring with the piping.

[When the hose is extended to left and taken out from the rear center]

[Top View]





[Drain hose changing procedures]

1. Remove the drain hose.	2. Remove the drain cap.	3. Insert the drain cap.	4. Connect the drain hose.
• Remove the drain hose,	• Remove it with hand or	• Insert the drain cap which was removed at	• Insert the drain hose

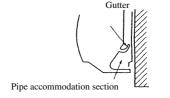
 Remove the drain hose making it rotate. Remove it with hand or pliers.

proce-dure "2" securely using a hexagonal wrench, etc.

Note: Be careful that if it is not inserted securely, water leakage may occur.

Insert the drain hose securely, makingit rotate. Note: Be careful that if it is not inserted securely, water leakage may occur.

Since this air conditioner has been designed to collect dew drops on the rear surface to the drain pan, do not attach the power cord above the gutter.



Drainage

- Arrange the drain hose in a downward angle.
- Avoid the following drain piping.







The drain hose tip is in water.



Weavy

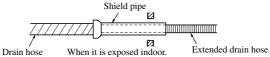


The gap to the ground is 5 cm or less

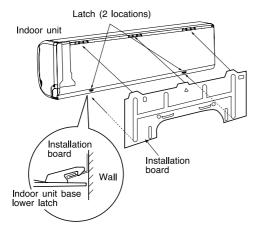


The drain hose tip is in the gutter.

- Pour water to the drain pan located under the heat exchanger, and ensure that the water is discharged outdoor.
- When the extended drain hose is indoor, always use a shield pipe (to be arranged by the user) and ensure it is thermally insulated.



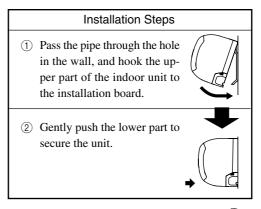
(iii) Fixing of indoor unit

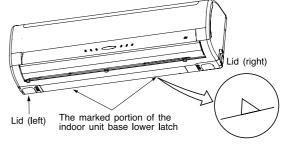


- How to remove the indoor unit from the installation board
 - ① Push up at the marked portion of the indoor unit base lower latch, and slightly pull it toward you.

 (both right and left hand sides)

 (The indoor unit base lower latch can be removed from
 - (The indoor unit base lower latch can be removed from the installation board)
 - ② Push up the indoor unit upward. So the indoor unit will be removed from the installation board.

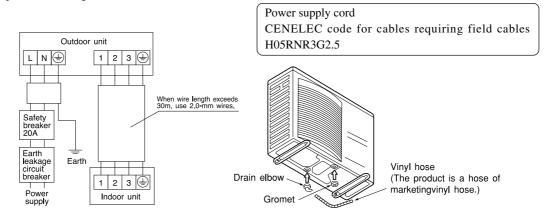




(3) Installation of outdoor unit

(a) Installation of outdoor unit

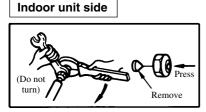
- (i) Make sure that the unit is stable in installation. Fix the unit to stable base.
- (ii) When installing the unit at a higher place or where it could be toppled by strong winds, secure the unit firmly with foundation bolts, wire, etc.
- (iii) Perform wiring, making wire terminal numbers conform to terminal numbers of indoor nuit terminal block.
- (iv) Connect using ground screw located near (4) mark.
- (v) In areas where the temperatures drop below 0°C for serveral continuous days, do not install a drain elbow. (Water dischage could stop due to freezing.)



(4) Refrigerant piping

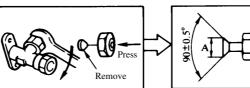
(a) Preparation

Keep the openings of the pipes covered with tapes etc. to prevent dust, sand, etc. from entering them.



Remove the flared nuts.(on both liquid and gas sides)

Outdoor unit side



Remove the flared nuts.
 (on both liquid and gas sides)

Gas side
(\$\phi 15.88\$): 19.7 mm

Install the removed flared nuts to the pipes to be connected,

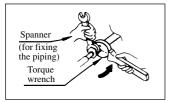
Dimension A Liquid side (\$6.35): 9.1

9.1 mm

(b) Connection of refrigerant piping

Indoor unit side

 Connect firmly gas and liquid side pipings by Torque wrench.



• Specified torquing value:

Liquid side (ø6.35) : 14.0~18.0N·m (1.4~1.8kgf·m) Gas side (ø15.88) : 68.0~82.0N·m (6.8~8.2kgf·m)

 Always use a Torque wrench and back up spanner to tighten the flare nut.

Outdoor unit side

 Connect firmly gas and liquid side pipings by Torque wrench.

then flare the pipes



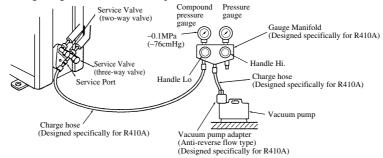
• Specified torquing value:

Liquid side (ø6.35): 14.0~18.0N·m (1.4~1.8kgf·m) Gas side (ø15.88): 68.0~82.0N·m (6.8~8.2kgf·m)

• Use one more spanner to fix the valve.

(c) Air purge

- (i) Tighten all flare nuts in the pipings both indoor and outside will so as not to cause leak.
- (ii) Connect service valve, charge hose, manifold valve and vacuum pump as is illustrated below.
- (iii) Open manifold valve handle Lo to its full width, and perform vacuum or evacuation.
 Continue the vacuum or evacuation operation for 15 minutes or more and check to see that the vacuum gauge reads 0.1 MPa (– 76 cmHg).
- (iv) After completing vacuum operation, fully open service valve (Both gas and liquid sides) with hexagon headed wrench.
- (v) Detach the charge hoses..
- (vi) Check for possible leakage of gas in the connection parts of both indoor and outdoor.



- Since the system uses service ports differing in diameter from those found on the conventional models, a charge hose (for R22) presently in use is not applicable.
 - Please use one designed specifically for R410A
- Please use an anti-reverse flow type vacuum pump adapter so as to prevent vacuum pump oil from running back into the system. Oil running back into an air-conditioning system may cause the refrigerant cycle to break down.

Additional refrigerant charge

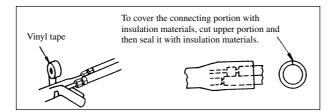
When refrigerant piping exceeds 15m conduct additional refrigerant charge by weight after refrigerant piping completion. Additional charge amount per meter = 25g/m

[Example]

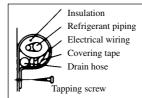
How much amount of additional charge for 25m piping? $(25-15)m \times 25g/m = 250g$ 250g for additional charge

(d) Insulation of connecting portion

Cover the connecting portion of the refrigerant piping with the pipe cover and seal them.
 If neglecting to do so, moisture occurs on the piping and water will drip out.



- (ii) Finishing and fixing
 - Tie up the piping with wrapping tape, and shape it so that it conforms to which the pipe is attached.
 - 2) Fix them with clamps as right figure.



Cover the exterior portion with covering tape and shape the piping so it will match the contours of the route that the piping to take. Also fix the wiring and pipings to the wall with clamps.

(5) Test run

- (a) Conduct trial run after confirming that there is no gas leaks.
- (b) When conducting trial run set the remote controller thermostat to continuous operation position. However when the power source is cut off or when the unit's operation switch is turned off or was turned to fan operation position, the unit will not go into operation in order to protect the compressor.
- (c) Insert in electric plug into the electric outlet and make sure that it is not loose.
 - When there is something wrong with the electric outlet and if the insertion of the electric plug is insufficient, there may occur
 a burn out.
 - (ii) It is very important to be careful of above when plugging in the unit to an already furnished electrical outlet.

- (d) Explain to the customer on the correct usage of the air conditioner in simple layman's terms.
- (e) Make sure that drain flows properly.

(f) Standard operation data

(220/230/240V)

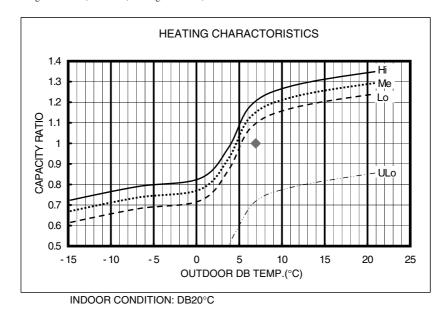
	Model	001/0075 04	00//-17-01
Item		SRK63ZE-S1	SRK71ZE-S1
High pressure (MPa)	Cooling	-	_
riigii pressure (iiii u)	Heating	2.5~2.7	2.6~2.8
1 (MD-)	Cooling	0.8~1.0	0.7~0.9
Low pressure (MPa)	Heating	-	_
Temp. difference between return air and supply air (°C)	Cooling	12~14	12~14
	Heating	16~18	17~19
Running current (A)	Cooling	8.4/8.1/7.7	10.1/9.7/9.3
	Heating	8.5/8.2/7.8	10.1/9.7/9.3

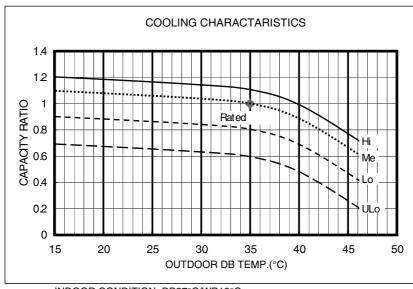
Note (1) The data are measured at following conditions

Ambient air temperature

Indoor side: Cooling ... 27°C DB, 19°C WB, Heating ... 20°C DB

Outdoor side: Cooling ... 35°C DB, 24°C WB, Heating ... 7°C DB, 6°C WB



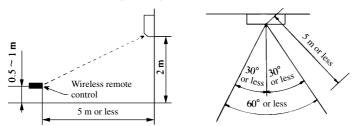


INDOOR CONDITION: DB27°C/WB19°C

(6) Precautions for wireless remote control installation and operation

(a) Wireless remote control covers the following distances:

(i) When operating facing the air conditioner:



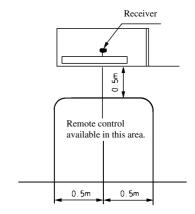
If the distances exceed the area indicated above, be sure to check the receiver status.

(ii) When manipulating the remote control mounted on a wall:

Make sure that it works normally (i.e., transmission/reception signal is audible) before mounting.

- Notes (1) The remote control is correctly facing the sensing element of the air conditioner when being manipulated.
 - (2) The typical coverage is indicated (in the left illustration). It may be more or less depending on the installation.
 - (3) The coverage may be less or even nil. If the sensing

element is exposed to strong light, such as direct sunlight, illumination, etc., or dust is deposited on it or it is used behind a curtain, etc.

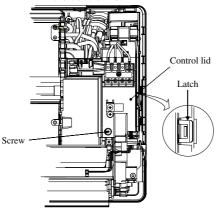


(7) Installation of wired remote control and super link adapter (SC-AD-

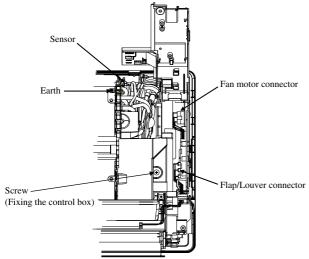
E) (Optional parts)

(a) Modifying the indoor unit's printed circuit board

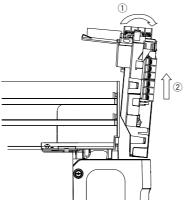
- Remove the air inlet panel (Refer to the installa (i) tion directions).
- Remove the front panel (Refer to the installa-(ii) tion directions).
- (iii) Remove the control box
 - Remove the screw and the latch, and open the control lid.



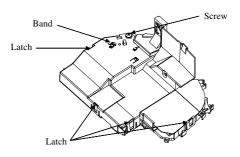
Remove the flap connector, the louver connector, the fan motor connector, the earth and the sensor.



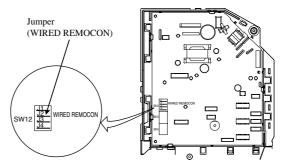
- Remove the screw fixing the control box.
- Remove the control box from the base.
- It is possible to remove the control box from the base by leaning the control box slightly to right-hand side and pulling it toward you.



- (iv) Cut the jumper attached on the board.
 - Remove the upper box.
 - * Remove the screw, the latch and the band.



- Cut the jumper (printed "WIRED REMOCON") attached on the board.
- It is impossible to control by the wireless remote control after cutting the jumper.

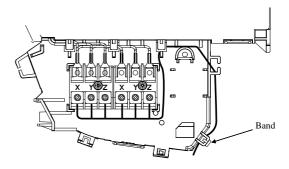


Install the upper box.

Connect the wire

Connect the wired remote control and super link wire.

(Please refer to the installation manual of attachment in wired remote control for details)



 Each wire can be connected the left or right terminal block.

- (vi) Install the control box.
 - **X** Be careful not to bite the wire.
- (vii) Install the front panel.
- (vii) Install the air inlet panel.

Notes (1) One remote control cannot control two or more indoor

(2) To connect the super link, the optional SC-AD-E (super link adapter) is required.

(b) Installation of wired remote control (Optional parts)

- (i) Selection of installation location Avoid the following locations
 - 1) Direct sunlight.
 - 2) Close to heating device.
 - 3) Highly humid or water splashing area.
 - 4) Uneven surface.
- (ii) Installation procedure
 - 1) Exposed fiting
 - a) Open the remote control case.



- Put a screw driver (flat-head) into the concavity made on the upper part of a remote control unit and twist it lightly to open the casing.
- b) The cord of a remote control unit can only be pulled out in the upward direction.

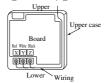


- Cut off with nippers or a knife a thin walled part made on the upper end of the remote control unit's bottom casing, and then remove burrs with a file or the like.
- c) Fix the remote control unit's bottom casing onto a wall with two wood screws supplied as accessories.



d) Connect the remote control to the terminal block. Connect the terminals of the remote control to the indoor unit with the same numbers. Because the terminal block has polarity, the device becomes inoperative if there are wrong connections.

Terminals: Red wire, White wire, Black wire



 Use a cord of 0.3mm² (recommended) -0.5mm² (maximum) for a remote control unit cord. Remove a sheathe of the remote control unit cord for the section laid within the remote control unit casing.

The length of each wire that should be left after a sheath is removed is as follows:

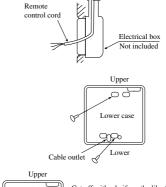


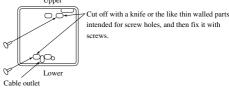
Black: 195mm, White: 205mm, Red: 215mm

- e) Replace the top casing as before.
- Use a cord clamp to attach the remote control cord to the wall.
- g) Set the functions according to the types of in door unit. See Section "Function Setting".

2) Recessed fitting

 a) The Electrical box and remote control (shield wire must be use in case of extension) are first embedded.





- Remove the upper case to the remote control.
- c) Attach the lower case to the Electricl box with two M4 screws. (Head diameter must be 8 mm). Choose either of the following two positions in fixing it with screws.
- d) Connect the remote cord to the remote control.

Refer to [Exposed Fitting].

- e) Installation work is completed by replacing the top casing onto the bottom casing as before.
- f) Set the function switch according to the type of the indoor unit.

Refer to [Function setting].



Precation in Extending the Remote control cord

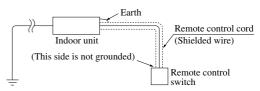
► Maximum total extension 600m.

The cord should be a shielded wire.

• For all types : $0.3 \text{mm}^2 \times 3 \text{ cores}$

Note (1) Use cables up to 0.5mm² (maximum) for those laid inside the remote control unit casing and connect to a different size cable at a vicinity point outside the remote control unit, if necessary.

• The shielded wire should be grounded at one side only.



(c) Setting functions using the wired remote control

(i) The default settings of this unit's functions are as follows: If you want to charge a setting, follow the procedure found in the installation manual and set to your desired setting.

For the method of setting, please refer to the installation manual of a remote control unit.

① Remote control unit functions (■ FUNCTION ▼)

② Indoor unit functions (I/U FUNCTION ▲)

Function number(A)	Function description (B)	Setting ©	Default setting
		†↓ INVALID	0
(01)	GRILLE SET (Grille lift panel setting)	50Hz AREA ONLY	
(-)	(panel setting)	60Hz AREA ONLY	
		AUTO RUN ON	0
02	AUTO RUN SET	AUTO RUN OFF	Ť
		⊠∆ b valid	0
03	TEMP S/W		
		() () VALID	0
04	MODE S/W	⊕ binvalid	
		⊕ UALID	0
05	ON/OFF ON/OFF S/W	O GINVALID	
		* bvalid	0
06	# FANSPEED S/W	# 6INVALID	
		₹ bvalid	
07	LOUVER S/W	₩ CINVALID	
		⊕ VALID	
08	① TIMER S/W	(®)& INVALID	
	(Remote control)	SENSOR OFF (Invalid)	0
(09)	SENSOR S/W (Remote control) sensor setting	SENSOR ON (Valid)	
	POWER FAILURE	INVALID	0
10	COMPENSATION SET	VALID	*
		NO VENTI	0
(11)	VENTI SET	VENTI LINK SET	
,		NO VENTI LINK	
		DISP CHANGE	<u> </u>
12	TEMP RANGE SET	NO DISP CHANGE	
		3 FAN SPEED	
13	I/U FAN SPEED (Indoor unit fan speed setting)	2 FAN SPEED	
13	(fan speed setting)	1 FAN SPEED	
		HEAT PUMP	
14	MODEL TYPE	COOLING ONLY	
		INDIVIDUAL OPERATION	
15	EXTERNAL CONTROL SET	SAME OPERATION FOR ALL UNITS	
		ERROR DISP	
16	ERROR DISP SET	NO ERROR DISP	\vdash
	/Louver	FIX (1 OF 4) (4 position stop)	0
17	POSITION (Louver control setting)	IN MOTION (Free stop)	\vdash
	, , , ,	°C	
(18)	°C/°F SET	°F	\vdash
		1.	I

Notes(1) Setting marked with $[\bigcirc]$ are the default setting.

- (2) Setting marked with [*] are those that are set automatically according to an indoor unit or an outdoor unit connected. Please check default settings with the indoor unit's installation manual.
- (3) When Item 17: "

 | POSITION" is changed, please also change Item 04 "
 | POSITION" setting found in "Indoor unit functions".
- (4) The SRK model cannot set the items described in () in the function number $\widehat{\mathbb{A}}.$

Function number (A)	Function description (B)	Setting ©	Default setting		
(01)		STANDARD (Mild mode)	*		
(01)	Hi CEILING SET	Hi CEILING 1 (Powerful mode)	•		
		NO DISPLAY			
		AFTER 180H			
(03)	FILTER SIGN SET	AFTER 600H	*		
		AFTER 1000H			
		1000H→STOP			
0.4	(Louver control)	FIX (1 OF 4) (4 positiion stop)	0		
04	POSITION (Louver control)	IN MOTION (Free stop)			
0.5		LEVEL INPUT	0		
05	EXTERNAL INPUT SET	PULSE INPUT			
0.6	OPERATION PERMISSION	NORMAL OPERATION	0		
06	PROHIBITED	VALID			
	∵ROOM TEMP OFFSET	NORMAL OPERATION	0		
(07)	(Heating room temperature offset)	TEMP SHIFT +3°C			
(00)	- FAN CONTROL (Heating fan control)	LOW FAN	.,,		
(08)	-Q-FAN CONTROL (fan control)	STOP→LOW FAN (Intermittent operation)	*		
(00)		TEMP Hi			
(09)	FREEZE PREVENT TEMP	TEMP Lo	0		
(10)	EDECZE DDEVENT GONTOOL	FAN CONTROL ON	0		
(10)	FREEZE PREVENT CONTROL	FAN CONTROL OFF			

Notes(1) Setting marked with $[\bigcirc]$ are the default setting.

- (2) Setting marked with [*] are those that are set automatically according to an indoor unit or an outdoor unit connected. Please check default settings with the indoor unit's installation manual.
- (3) The SRK model cannot set the items described in () in the function number $\widehat{\mathbb{A}}.$

- (ii) Function setting method
 - 1) Stop the air conditioner
 - 2) Press the SET and MODE buttons simultaneously for 3 seconds or longer.

The screen display will be switched as follows:

" \spadesuit ⊕ SELECT ITEM" \rightarrow

"் ் SET" →

"FUNCTION SET ▼"



3) Press the SET button.

The unit will enter the function setting mode. The screen display will charge to " FUNCTION



- 4) Check which category your desired setting belongs to, "■ FUNCTION ▼ (Remote control unit function)" or "I/U FUNCTION ▲" (Indoor unit function).
- 5) Press either ▲ or ▼ button.

Select either "■ FUNCTION ▼ " or "I/U FUNCTION ▲".



6) Press the SET button.

When " ☐ FUNCTION ▼ " is selected.

- (1) "DATA LOADING" (blinking) → "♦₺ FUNCTION"→
 - "01 GRILLE ↑↓ SET" (Function number: (A), Function description: (B)

The screen display will be switched like this.

- ② Press either ▲ or ▼ button.
 - "Function number: (a), Function description: (b) "from the list of remote control unit functions will be displayed one by one. Select a desired function.
- ③ Press the SET button.

The screen display will be switched as follows:

- " \clubsuit SETTING" \rightarrow "Setting: ©" (ex. "AUTO RUN ON")
- ④ Press either ▲ or ▼ button.

A list of "Settings: ©" will be displayed one by one. Select your desired setting.

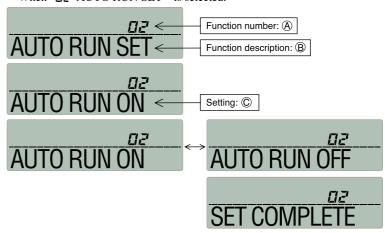
⑤ Press the SET button.

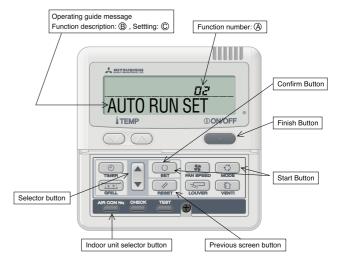
The selected setting is displayed for 2 seconds, then followed by "SET COMPLETE" and the function setting process is completed.

Then the screen display will be swiched to "Function number: (a), Function description: (b)," so if you want to continue to set another function, repeat the steps as explained above.

To finish the function setting process, please proceed to Step (iii).

* When "## AUTO RUN SET" is selected.





When "I/U FUNCTION ▲" is selected.

① The screen display will be switched as follows:

"♠\ I/U SELECT" → "O \ SET" → "I/U No.00" (blinking)



Press either ▲ or ▼ button.

Select the indoor unit number that you want to change settings. If only one indoor unit is connected, the indoor unit number will not charge, so please proceed to Step ③.

If "ALL I/U ▼" is selected while indoor group control is in effect, you can set all units to the same settings.

③ Press the SET button.

Indoor unit number indication will change from blinking to lit continuously, The screen display will be switched as follows:

"DATA LOADING" (blinking for about 2 to 23 seconds) \rightarrow " \diamondsuit FUNCTION" \rightarrow "05 EXTERNAL INPUT SET" (Function number: A, Function description: B)

* When 05 EXTERNAL INPUT SET is selected.



④ Press either ▲ or ▼ button.

"Function number: (a), Function description: (b)" from the list of indoor unit functions will be displayed one by one. Select a desired function.

(5) Press the SET button.

The screen display will be switched as follows: "♦⊕ SETTING" → "Setting: ©" (ex. "LEVEL INPUT")



(6) Press either ▲ or ▼ button.

A list "Setting: ©" will be displayed one by one. Select your desired setting.

7 Press the SET button.

The selected setting is displayed for 2 seconds, then followed by "SET COMPLETE" and the function setting process is completed.

Then the screen display will be switched to "Function number: (A), Function description: (B)" so if you want to continue to set another function, repeat the stepa as explained above. To finish the function setting process, please proceed to Step 8.

8 Press AIR CON No. button.

The screen display will go back to the indoor unit selection screen (ex. "I/U No.00").

(iii) Press the ON/OFF button.

This ends a function setting process. Even if a function setting process is not completed, this ends the process. Please note that any setting that is not completed will become void.

- Pressing the RESET button during a function setting process will allow you to go back the previous step. Please note that any setting that is not completed will become void.
- Method of checking the current setting

While following the above mentioned step, the setting that appears when the SET button is pressed for each "Function number: ⓐ, Function description: ⓐ" is the current setting "Stting: ⓒ". (When "ALL I/U ▼" is selected, the setting of the indoor unit with the lowest number is displayed)

• Settings are stored in the controller and not lost even a power outage occurs.

- (iv) Changing the remote control's temperature setting range
 - 1) The temperature setting range of the remote controller can be changed.

Through remote controller button operations, the upper limit and lower limit set temperature values can be changed individually.

During heating operation, the changed upper limit value becomes valid and at times other than during heating operation, (during cooling, dehumidification, auto and fan operation), the changed lower limit value becomes valid.

Range of Possible Changes

Upper Limit Value: $22\sim30^{\circ}$ C (valid during heating) Lower Limit Value: $18\sim26^{\circ}$ C (valid at times other than during heating)

- 2) Operation
 - a) With the remote controller in the stopped state, press the SET and MODE buttons simultaneously for 3 seconds or longer. The display will changed from "♣७ SELECT ITEM" → "⊙ ७ SET" → "FUNCTION SET ▼"
 - b) Press the ▼ button once. The display will change to TEMP RANGE ▲ .
 - c) Press the SET button to enter the temperature range setting mode.
 - d) Using the ▲ or ▼ button, select "Hi LIMIT SET ▼ " or "Lo LIMIT SET ▲ ," the press the SET button.
 - e) If "Hi LIMIT SET" is selected,
 - ① The display changes from " \bigvee \bigwedge \biguplus SET UP" \rightarrow "Hi LIMIT 22°C \bigwedge " (flashing).
 - ② Using the "V \(\infty \)" button, select the upper limit value. Display example: "Hi LIMIT 22°C \(\infty \)" (flashing)
 - ③ Press the SET button to fix the setting. Display example: "Hi LIMIT 22°C" (lighted up)
 - f) If "Lo LIMIT SET" is selected,
 - 1) The display changes from " (∇) (\wedge) \(\begin{align*} \text{SET UP"} \rightarrow "Lo LIMIT 26°C (∇)" (flashing).
 - ② Using the "V \(\infty\)" button, select the upper limit value. Display example: "Lo LIMIT 26°C \(\infty\)" (flashing)
 - ③ Press the SET button to fix the setting. Display example: "Lo LIMIT 26°C" (lighted up)
 - g) Press the ON/OFF button to end the setting procedure.
 (The procedure also ends if the ON/OFF button is pressed during the setting operation. However, settings which have not been fixed become invalid, so exercise caution.)
- If the RESET button is pressed during a setting operation, the display returns to the previously displayed setting screen. However, settings which have not been fixed become invalid, so exercise caution.
 - * If "NO DISP CHANGE" is selected in No. 12, "TEMP RANGE SET" of the remote control's functions, of the function setting modes, the remote control's display does not change even if the temperature range has been changed.

(Example) If the upper limit is set at 28°C

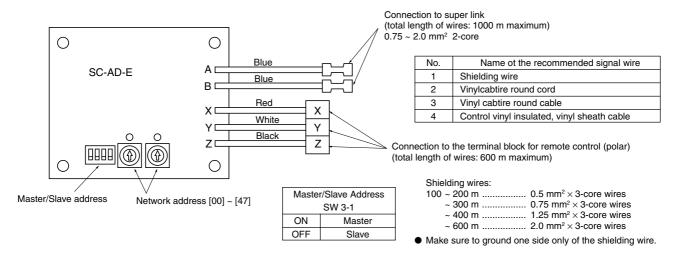
Function No. A	Function Contents B	Setting Contents C	Control Contents
12	TEMP RANGE SET	DISP CHANGE	The remote control's display and sent data upper limit changes to 28°C.
12	TEWI RANGE SET	NO DISP CHANGE	The remote control's display upper limit remains at 30°C and only the upper limit of the sent data is changed to 28°C.

(d) SUPER LINK ADAPTER (SC-AD-E)

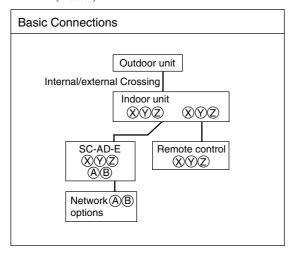
(i) Functions

- 1) Transmits the settings from the Super link option to the indoor units.
- 2) Returns the priority indoor unit data in response to a data request from the Super link option.
- 3) Inspects the error status of connected indoor units and transmits the inspection codes to the Super link option.
- 4) A maximum of 16 units can be controlled (if in the same operation mode).

(ii) Wiring connection diagram



- 1) Set the super link network address with SW1 (10-position) and SW2 (1-position).
- Without a remote control (no wired remote control and no wireless remote control), set SC-AD-E SW3-1 to ON (Master).



1.2.6 MAINTENANCE DATA

(1) Troubleshooting procedures for electrical equipment

(a) Cautions

- ① If you are disassembling and checking an air conditioner, be sure to turn off the power before beginning. When working on indoor units, let the unit sit for about 1 minute after turning off the power before you begin work. When working on an outdoor unit, there may be an electrical charge applied to the main circuit (electrolytic condenser), so begin work only after discharging this electrical charge (to DC 10 V or lower).
- (2) When taking out printed circuit boards, be sure to do so without exerting force on the circuit boards or package components.
- (3) When disconnecting and connecting connectors, take hold of the connector housing and do not pull on the lead wires.

(b) Items to check before troubleshooting

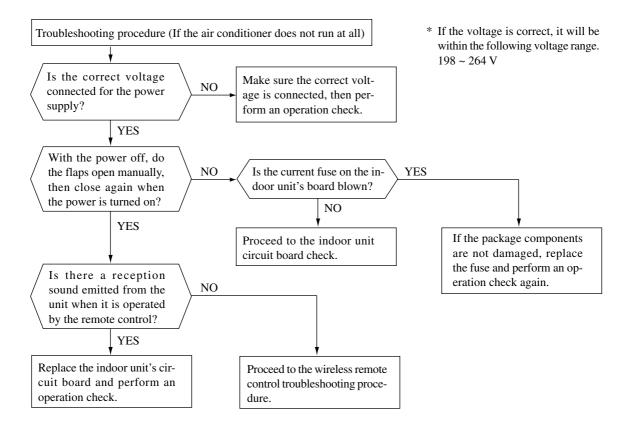
- (1) Have you thoroughly investigated the details of the trouble which the customer is complaining about?
- ② Is the air conditioner running? Is it displaying any self-diagnosis information?
- (3) Is a power supply with the correct voltage connected?
- 4 Are the control lines connecting the indoor and outdoor units wired correctly and connected securely?
- (5) Is the outdoor unit's refrigerant service valve open?

(c) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air conditioner does not run at all)

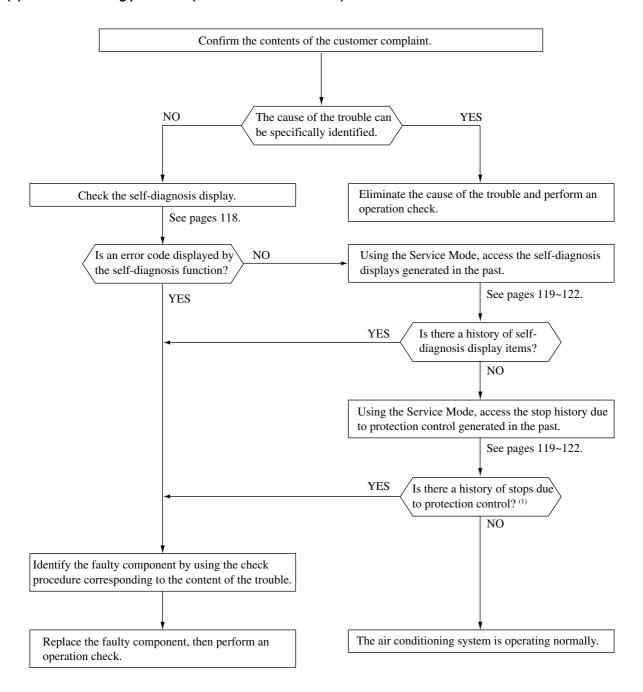
If the air conditioner does not run at all, diagnose the trouble using the following troubleshooting procedure. If the air conditioner is running but breaks down, proceed to troubleshooting step (d).

Important When all the following conditions are met, we say that the air conditioner will not run at all.

- 1) The RUN light does not light up.
- ② The flaps do not open.
- ③ The indoor unit fan motors do not run.
- 4 The self-diagnosis display does not function.



(d) Troubleshooting procedure (If the air conditioner runs)



Note (1) Even in cases where only intermittent stop data are generated, the air conditioning system is normal. However, if the same protective operation recurs repeatedly (3 or more times), it will lead to customer complaints. Judge the conditions in comparison with the contents of the complaints.

(e) Self-diagnosis table

When this air conditioner performs an emergency stop, the reason why the emergency stop occurred is displayed by the flashing of display lights. If the air conditioner is operated using the remote control 3 minutes or more after the emergency stop, the trouble display stops and the air conditioner resumes operation. (1)

Indoor unit d	TIMER	Wired remote control	Description of trouble	Cause	Display (flashing) condition
1 time flash	light	display E 6	Heat exchanger sensor error	Broken heat exchanger sensor wire, poor connector connection	When a heat exchanger sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of –20°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
2 time flash	ON	E 7	Room temperature sensor error	Broken room temperature sensor wire, poor connector connection	When a room temperature sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -20°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
6 time flash	ON	E 16	Indoor fan motor error	Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When conditions for turning the indoor unit's fan motor on exist during air conditioner operation, an indoor unit fan motor speed of 300 rpm or lower is measured for 30 seconds or longer. (The air conditioner stops.)
Keeps flashing	1 time flash	E 38	Outdoor air temperature sensor error	Broken outdoor air temp. sensor wire, poor connector connection	When an outdoor temperature sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -40°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
Keeps flashing	2 time flash	E 37	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor error	Broken heat exchanger sensor wire, poor connector connection	When a sensor wire disconnection is detected while operation is stopped. (If a temperature of -50°C or lower is detected for 15 seconds, it is judged that the wire is disconnected.) (Not displayed during operation.)
Keeps flashing	4 time flash	E 39	Discharge pipe sensor error	Broken discharge pipe sensor wire, poor connector connection	When a compressor discharge pipe sensor wire disconnection is detected for 15 seconds or longer (less than 7°C) after the outdoor unit's speed has continued at 0 rps or higher for 9 minutes. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	1 time flash	E 42	Current Cut	Compressor locking, open phase on compressor output, shortcircuit on power transistor, closed service valve	The inverter output current (compressor motor current) exceeds the set value during compressor start. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	2 time flash	E 59	Trouble of outdoor unit	Broken power transistor, broken compressor wire Broken discharge pipe sensor wire, poor connector connection Compressor blockage	When there is an emergency stop caused by trouble in the outdoor unit, or the input current value is found to be lower than the set value continuously for 3 minutes or longer. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	3 time flash	E 58	Current safe stop	Overload operation Overcharge Compressor locking	When the inverter command speed is 20 rps or less and the current save has operated. (the compressor stops)
ON	5 time flash	E 36	Over heat of compressor	Gas shortage, defective discharge pipe sensor, closed service valve	When the value of the discharge pipe sensor exceeds the set value. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	6 time flash	E 5	Error of signal transmission	Defective power supply, Broken signal wire, defective in/outdoor unit boards	When there is no signal between the indoor unit's board and outdoor unit's board for 10 seconds or longer (when the power is turned on), or when there is no signal for 1 minute 50 seconds or longer (during operation)(the compressor is stopped).
2 time flash	2 time flash	E 60	Rotor lock	Defective compressor Open phase on compressor Defective outdoor unit boards	If the compressor motor's magnetic pole positions cannot be correctly detected when the compressor starts. (The air conditioner stops.)
ON	7 time flash	E 48	Outdoor fan motor error	Defective fan motor, poor connector connection	When the outdoor unit's fan motor sped continues for 30 seconds or longer at 75 rpm or lower. (3 times) (The air conditioner stops.)
_	_	E 1	Error of wired remote control wiring	Broken wired remote control wire, defective indoor unit boards	The wired remote control wire Y is open. The wired remote control wires X and Y are reversely connected. Noise is penetrating the wired remote control lines. The wired remote control or indoor control PCB is faulty. (The communications circuit is faulty.)

 $Notes\ \ (1) The\ air\ conditioner\ cannot\ be\ restarted\ using\ the\ remote\ controller\ for\ 3\ minutes\ after\ operation\ stops.$

⁽²⁾ The wired remote control is optional parts.

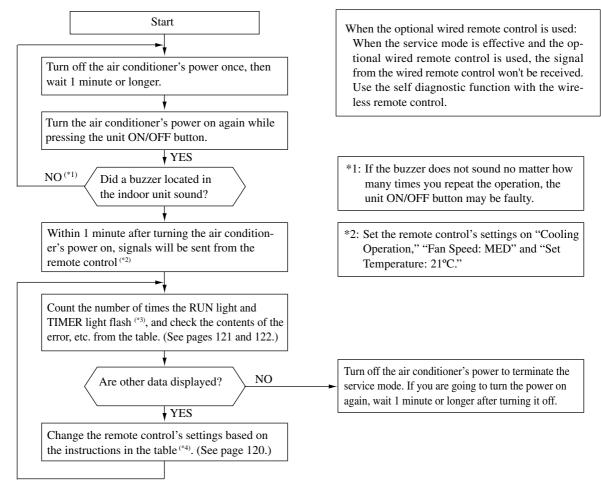
(f) Service mode (Trouble mode access function)

This air conditioner is capable of recording error displays and protective stops (service data) which have occurred in the past. If self-diagnosis displays cannot be confirmed, it is possible to get a grasp of the conditions at the time trouble occurred by checking these service data.

(i) Explanation of terms

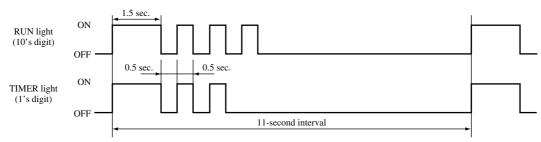
Term	Explanation
Service mode	The service mode is the mode where service data are displayed by flashing of the display lights when the operations in item (ii) below are performed with the indoor controller.
Service data	These are the contents of error displays and protective stops which occurred in the past in the air conditioner system. Error display contents and protective stop data from past anomalous operations of the air conditioner system are saved in the indoor unit controller's non-volatile memory (memory which is not erased when the power goes off). There are two types of data, self-diagnosis data and stop data, described below.
Self-diagnosis data	These are the data which display the reason why a stop occurred when an error display (self-diagnosis display) occurred in an indoor unit. Data are recorded for up to 5 previous occurrences. Data which are older than the 5th previous occurrence are erased. In addition, data on the temperature of each sensor (room temperature, indoor heat exchanger, outdoor heat exchanger, outdoor heat exchanger, outdoor switching, fan speed switching) are recorded when trouble occurs, so more detailed information can be checked.
Stop data	These are the data which display the reason by a stop occurred when the air conditioning system performed protective stops, etc. in the past. Even if stop data alone are generated, the system restarts automatically. (After executing the stop mode while the display is normal, the system restarts automatically.) Data for up to 10 previous occasions are stored. Data older than the 10th previous occasion are erased. (Important) In cases where transient stop data only are generated, the air conditioner system may still be normal. However, if the same protective stop occurs frequently (3 or more times), it could lead to customer complaints.

(ii) Service mode display procedure



*3: To count the number of flashes in the service mode, count the number of flashes after the light lights up for 1.5 second initially (start signal). (The time that the light lights up for 1.5 second (start signal) is not counted in the number of flashes.)

In the case of current safe (heating CT1) (example: stop code "32")
 The RUN light (10's digit) flashes 3 times and the TIMER light (1's digit) flashes 2 times.
 3 × 10 + 2 × 1 = 32 → From the table, read the instructions for error code 32, "current safe (heating CT1).



*4: When in the service mode, when the remote control's settings (operation switching, fan speed switching, temperature setting) are set as shown in the following table and sent to the air conditioner unit, the unit switches to display of service data.

1 Self-diagnosis data

What are Self-..... These are control data (reasons for stops, temperature at each sensor, remote control information)
diagnosis Data? from the time when there were error displays (abnormal stops) in the indoor unit in the past.

Data from up to 5 previous occasions are stored in memory. Data older than the 5th previous occasion are erased.

The temperature setting indicates how many occasions previous to the present setting the error display data are and the operation switching and fan speed switching data show the type of data.

Remote cor	ntrol setting	Contents of output data	
Operation switching	Fan speed switching	Contents of output data	
MED		Displays the reason for stopping display in the past (error code).	
Cooling	HI	Displays the room temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
	AUTO	Displays the indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
	LO	Displays the remote controller information at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
Haating	MED	Displays the outdoor air temperature sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
Heating	HI	Displays the outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	
	AUTO	Displays the discharge pipe sensor temperature at the time the error code was displayed in the past.	

Remote control setting	Indicates the number of
Temperature setting	occasions previous to the present the error display data are from.
21°C	1 time previous (previous time)
22°C	2 times previous
23°C	3 times previous
24°C	4 times previous
25°C	5 times previous

(Example)

Remote control setting		etting	
Operation switching	Fan speed switching	Temperature setting	Displayed data
Cooling	MED	21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) the previous time an error was displayed.
		22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 2 times previous when an error was displayed.
		23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 3 times previous when an error was displayed.
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 4 times previous when an error was displayed.
		25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (error code) 5 times previous when an error was displayed.

② Stop data

Remo	ote control se	tting		
Operation switching	Fan speed switching	Temperature setting	Displayed data	
Cooling	LO	21°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) the previous time when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		22°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 2 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		23°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 3 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		24°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 4 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop cont	
		25°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 5 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control	
		26°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 6 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		27°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 7 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		28°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 8 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		29°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 9 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	
		30°C	Displays the reason for the stop (stop code) 10 times previous when the air conditioner was stopped by protective stop control.	

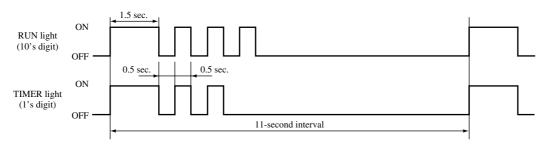
(iii) Error code, stop code table (Assignment of error codes and stop codes is done in common for all models.)

	of flashes rvice mode	Stop code		Error content	_		Error	Auto
RUN light (10's digit)	TIMER light (1's digit)	or Error code	Major category	Minor category	Cause	Occurrence conditions	display	recovery
OFF	OFF	0	Normal	_	_	_	_	_
1 time flash	1 time flash	11	Current Cut	Compressor Software Start	Compressor lock Compressor wiring short circuit Compressor output is open phase Outdoor unit s circuit board is faulty	Compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is current cut.	(2 times)	0
	2 time flash	12		Lower than 20 rps	Service valve closed Compressor output is open phase. Electronic expansion valve is faulty.	After the compressor starts, it stops due to current cut at less than 20 rps.	-	0
	3 time flash	13		20 rps or higher	Service valve is closed. Compressor output is open phase. Compressor is faulty. Electronic expansion valve is faulty.	When operation is stopped by current cut at 20 rps or higher.	_	0
	4 time flash	14		Excessive voltage (DC 350 V)	Outdoor unit s circuit board is defective. Power supply is abnormal.	When the DC voltage (DC 280 V) exceeds 350 V.	_	0
	5 time flash	15		Short circuit in the power transistor (high side)	Outdoor unit s circuit board is faulty. Power transistor is damaged.	When it is judged that the power transistor was damaged at the time the compressor started.	0	_
	6 time flash	16		Current cut circuit breakdown	Outdoor unit s circuit board is faulty. Power transistor is damaged.	When it is judged that the power transistor was damaged at the time the compressor started.	0	_
2 time flash	1 time flash	21	Outdoor unit error	PWM calculation results are abnormal.	Compressor wiring is disconnected. Power transistor is damaged.	When PWM calculation results of 0% continue for 3 minutes or longer.	0	_
	2 time flash	22		Input is 2A or lower (PWM 90% or higher)	Compressor wiring is disconnected. Outdoor unit s circuit board is faulty.	When PWM calculation results of 90% and an input current lower than the set value continue for 3 minutes or longer.	0	_
	3 time flash	23		Abnormal stop 3 times in 20 minutes.	Service valve is closed. Compressor output is open phase. Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Refrigerant is insufficient.	When an abnormal stop occurs 3 times with automatic recovery within 20 minutes after the outdoor unit s power supply was turned on.	0	_
	9 time flash	29		Voltage drop	Power supply construction is defective. Outdoor unit s circuit board is faulty.	When the power supply voltage drops during operation.	_	0
	7 time flash	27	Outdoor fan motor error	Outdoor unit s fan motor is abnormal	Outdoor fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Outdoor unit s circuit board is faulty.	When a fan speed of 75 rpm or lower continues for 30 seconds or longer.	(3 times)	0
3 time flash	1 time flash	31	Current safe	Cooling current safe I	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe I mode during cooling operation.	_	0
	2 time flash	32		Heating current safe I	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe I mode during heating operation.	-	0
	3 time flash	33		Cooling current safe II	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe II mode during cooling operation.		0
	4 time flash	34		Heating current safe II	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe II mode during heating operation.		0
	5 time flash	35		Cooling current safe III	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe III mode during cooling operation.		0
	6 time flash	36		Heating current safe III	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe III mode during heating operation.		0
	7 time flash	37		Heating current safe III + 3A	Overcharge Compressor lock	When there is a current safe stop in current safe III + 3A mode during heating operation.		0

	f flashes			_				
when in ser RUN light	TIMER light	Stop code or Error code		Error content	Cause	Occurrence conditions	Error display	Auto recovery
10's digit)	(1's digit)		Major category	Minor category				
4 time flash	1 time flash	41	Current safe	Cooling overload 1 (outdoor temperature: 36~40°C)	Overcharge Compressor lock Overload operation	When there is a current safe stop in overload 1 mode during cooling operation.	_	0
	2 time flash	42		Heating overload 1 (outdoor temperature: 5~12°C)	Overcharge Compressor lock Overload operation	When there is a current safe stop in overload 1 mode during heating operation.	_	0
	3 time flash	43		Cooling overload 2 (outdoor temperature: 40~45°C)	Overcharge Compressor lock Overload operation	When there is a current safe stop in overload 2 mode during cooling operation.	_	0
	4 time flash	44		Heating overload 2 (outdoor temperature: 12~17°C)	Overcharge Compressor lock Overload operation	When there is a current safe stop in overload 2 mode during heating operation.	_	0
	5 time flash	45		Cooling overload 3 (outdoor temperature: 45°C~)	Overcharge Compressor lock Overload operation	When there is a current safe stop in overload 3 mode during cooling operation.	_	0
	6 time flash	46		Heating overload 3 (outdoor temperature: 17°C~)	Overcharge Compressor lock Overload operation	When there is a current safe stop in overload 3 mode during heating operation.	_	0
5 time flash	1 time flash	51	Power transistor overheat	110°C	Cooling problem	When power transistor temperature exceeds setting value (the compressor stops).	_	0
	OFF	50	Compressor overheat	110°C	Refrigerant is insufficient. Discharge pipe sensor is faulty. Service valve is closed.	When the discharge pipe sensor's value exceeds the set value.	(2 times)	0
6 time flash	OFF	60	Serial signal transmission error	Can't receive signals for 1 minute 55 seconds (if communications have recovered)	Power supply is faulty. Power supply cables and signal lines are improperly wired. Indoor or outdoor unit circuit board is faulty.	When 1 minute 55 seconds passes without communications signals from either the outdoor unit or the indoor unit being detected correctly.	_	0
	1 time flash	61	61	Connection lines between the indoor and outdoor units are faulty.	Connection lines between the indoor and outdoor units are faulty. Indoor or outdoor unit circuit boards are faulty.	When 10 seconds passes after the power is turned on without communications signals from the indoor or outdoor unit being detected correctly.	0	-
-	2 time flash	62		Serial transmission error.	Indoor or outdoor unit circuit boards are faulty.	When 1 minute 50 seconds passes without communications signals from either the outdoor unit or the indoor unit being detected correctly.	0	0
7 time flash	1 time flash	71	Rotor lock	Less than 16 rps	Noise is causing faulty operation. Compressor is faulty Compressor output is open phase Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Overload operation Outdoor unit circuit board is faulty.	After the compressor starts, when the compressor stops at less than 16 rps due to rotor lock.	(3 times)	0
	2 time flash	72		16 rps or higher	Compressor is faulty Compressor output is open phase Electronic expansion valve is faulty. Overload operation Outdoor unit circuit board is faulty.	When the compressor stops at 16 rps or higher speed due to rotor lock.	_	0
	3 time flash	73		Phase switching defects (U phase)	Compressor is faulty Compressor wiring is disconnected. Compressor wiring is short circuited. Outdoor unit's circuit board is faulty.	When compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is rotor lock.	(2 times)	0
	4 time flash	74		Phase switching defects (V phase)	Compressor is faulty Compressor wiring is disconnected. Compressor wiring is short circuited. Outdoor unit's circuit board is faulty.	When compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is rotor lock.	(2 times)	0
	5 time flash	75	-	Phase switching defects (W phase or impossible to distinguish).	Compressor is faulty Compressor wiring is disconnected. Compressor wiring is short circuited. Outdoor unit's circuit board is faulty.	When compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is rotor lock.	(2 times)	0
	6 time flash	76		Compressor software start (within 4 seconds after phase switching)	Compressor is faulty Compressor wiring is disconnected. Compressor wiring is short circuited. Outdoor unit's circuit board is faulty.	When compressor start fails 42 times in succession and the reason for the final failure is rotor lock.	(2 times)	0
8 time flash	OFF	80	Protective control operation	Indoor unit fan motor is abnormal.	Fan motor is faulty. Connector connections are poor. Indoor unit circuit board is faulty.	When the indoor unit's fan motor is detected to be running at 300 rpm or lower speed with the fan motor in the ON condition while the air conditioner is running.	0	_
	1 time flash	81		Discharge pipe sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop).	Discharge pipe sensor wire is disconnected. Connector connections are poor.	When a disconnection signal (temperature below 7°C) is sent for 15 seconds or longer as the discharge pipe sensor data after the outdoor unit's speed is 0 rps or higher continuously for 9 minutes.	(4 times)	0
	2 time flash	82	1	Indoor heat exchanger sensor is abnormal (anomalous stop).	Indoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected.	When a temperature of –20°C or lower is sensed continuously for 40 minutes during heating operation (the compressor stops).	0	1-
	3 time flash	83		Outdoor heat exchanger sensor is	Connector connections are poor. Outdoor heat exchanger sensor wire is disconnected.	When a temperature of -50°C or lower is sensed continuously	0	<u> </u>
-	4 time	84		abnormal (anomalous stop). Anti-condensation control	Connector connections are poor. High humidity condition.	for 40 minutes during heating operation (the compressor stops). Anti-condensation prevention control is operating.	<u> </u>	0
	flash 5 time	85		Anti-frost control	Humidity sensor is faulty. Indoor unit fan speed drops.	When the anti-frost control operates and the compressor	_	0
	flash 6 time flash	86		High pressure control	Indoor heat exchanger sensor short circuit Heating overload Indoor unit fan speed drops	stops during cooling operation. When high pressure control operates during heating operation and the compressor stops.	_	0
	7 time	87		Compressor overheating	Indoor heat exchanger sensor short circuit Refrigerant is insufficient. Discharge pine sensor is foulty.	When compressor overheating protective control operates and the compressor stops.		0
	flash		[protection control	Discharge pipe sensor is faulty. Service valve is closed.	and the compressor stops.		

Notes (1) The number of flashes when in the Service Mode do not include the 1.5 second period when the lights light up at first (starting signal). (See the example shown below.)

In the case of current safe (heating CT1) (example: stop code "32")
 The RUN light (10's digit) flashes 3 times and the TIMER light (1's digit) flashes 2 times.
 3 × 10 + 2 × 1 = 32 → From the table, read the instructions for error code 32, "Current safe (heating CT1).



(2) Abnormal Stop: — Is not displayed. (automatic recovery only)

Displayed.

If there is a () displayed, the error display shows the number of times that an automatic recovery occurred for the same reason has reached the number of times in ().

If no () is displayed, the error display shows that the trouble has occurred once.

(3) Automatic Recovery: - Does not occur

Automatic recovery occurs.

(iv) Remote control information tables

1) Operation switching

Display pattern when in service mode	Operation switching		
RUN light (Operation switching)	when there is an abnormal stop		
0	AUTO		
1	DRY		
2	COOL		
4	HEAT		

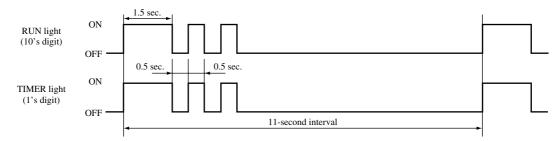
2) Fan speed switching

Display pattern when in service mode	switching when			
TIMER light (Fan speed switching)	there is an abnormal stop			
0	AUTO			
2	HI			
3	MED			
4	LO			
5	ULO			
6	HI POWER			
7	ECONO			

^{*} If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the information display in the remote control becomes as follows.

Remote control setting	Display when error code is normal.
Operation switching	AUTO
Fan speed switching	AUTO

(Example): Operation switching, fan speed switching, cooling HI



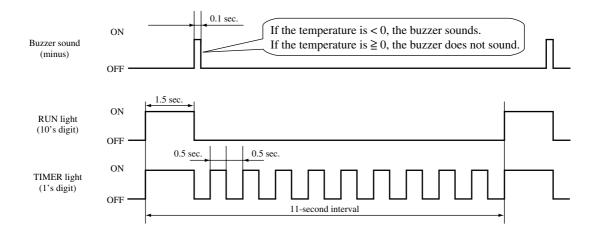
(v) Room temperature sensor temperature, indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature, outdoor air temperature sensor temperature, outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature table

Units: °C TIMER light (1's digit) **RUN light** (10's digit) **Buzzer sound** (minus) -60 -61 -62 -63 -64 -50 -51 -52 -53 -54 -55 -56 -57 -58 -59 -40 -41 -42 -43 -44 -45 -46 -47 -48 -49 Yes -35 -30 -31 -32 -33 -34 -36 -37 -38 -39 (sounds for 0.1 second) -20 -21 -22 -23 -24 -25 -26 -27 -28 -29 -10 -11 -12 -13 -14 -15 -16 -17 -18 -19 -1 -2 -3 -4 -5 -6 -7 -8 -9 No (does not sound)

^{*} If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each sensor becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Room temperature sensor temperature	-19°C
Indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature	-64°C
Outdoor air temperature sensor temperature	-64°C
Outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature	-64°C

(Example) Room temperature, indoor heat exchanger, outdoor air temperature, outdoor heat exchanger: "-9°C"



(vi) Discharge pipe temperature table

U	nits:	٥(
•	mus.	•

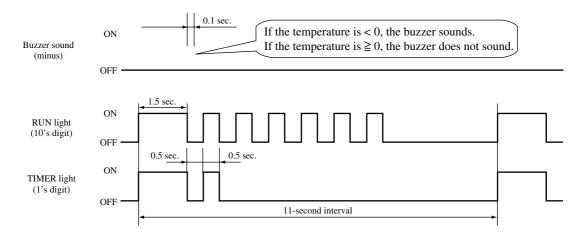
											is: C
RUN lig (10's di Buzzer sound (minus)	TIMER light (1's digit) ght git)	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
	3	-60	-62	-64							
Yes	2	-40	-42	-44	-46	-48	-50	-52	-54	-56	-58
(sounds for 0.1 second)	1	-20	-22	-24	-26	-28	-30	-32	-34	-36	-38
	0		-2	-4	-6	-8	-10	-12	-14	-16	-18
	0	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18
	1	20	22	24	26	28	30	32	34	36	38
	2	40	42	44	46	48	50	52	54	56	58
No (de se met se met)	3	60	62	64	66	68	70	72	74	76	78
(does not sound)	4	80	82	84	86	88	90	92	94	96	98
	5	100	102	104	106	108	110	112	114	116	118
	6	120	122	124	126	128	130	132	134	136	138
	7	140	142	144	146	148	150				

^{*} If no data are recorded (error code is normal), the display for each sensor becomes as shown below.

Sensor name	Sensor value displayed when the error code is normal
Discharge pipe sensor temperature	-64°C

(Example) Discharge pipe temperature: "122°C"

^{*} In the case of discharge pipe data, multiply the reading value by 2. (Below, $61 \times 2 = 122$ °C")



Service data record form

Customer				Model					
Date of inve	estigation								
Machine na	ıme								
Content of	aamplaint								
Content of t	Complaint								
Rem	note control s	ettings	Content of dienlayed data]	Display resul	ts		Display cont	tent
Temperature setting	Operation switching	Fan speed switching	Content of displayed data	Buzzer (Yes/No.)	RUN light (Times)	TIMER light (Times)		Display cont	.cm
		MED	Error code on previous occasion.						
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor temperature on previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on previous occasion.						
21		LO	Remote controller information on previous occasion.						
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor temperature on previous occasion.						
	Treating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor temperature on previous occasion.						
		MED	Error code on second previous occasion.						
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor temperature on second previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on second previous occasion.						
22		LO	Remote controller information on second previous occasion.						
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor temperature on second previous occasion.						
	Treating	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on second previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor temperature on second previous occasion.						
		MED	Error code on third previous occasion.						
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor temperature on third previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on third previous occasion.						
23		LO	Remote controller information on third previous occasion.						
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor temperature on third previous occasion.						
	8	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on third previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor temperature on third previous occasion.						
		MED	Error code on fourth previous occasion.						
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor temperature on fourth previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on fourth previous occasion.						
24		LO	Remote controller information on fourth previous occasion.						
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor temperature on fourth previous occasion.						
		HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on fourth previous occasion.						
		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor temperature on fourth previous occasion.						
	G 1:	MED	Error code on fifth previous occasion.						
	Cooling	HI	Room temperature sensor temperature on fifth previous occasion.						
25		AUTO	Indoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on fifth previous occasion.						
25		LO	Remote controller information on fifth previous occasion.						
	Heating	MED	Outdoor air temperature sensor temperature on fifth previous occasion.						
	_	HI	Outdoor heat exchanger sensor temperature on fifth previous occasion.						
21		AUTO	Discharge pipe sensor temperature on fifth previous occasion.						
21			Stop code on previous occasion.						
22			Stop code on second previous occasion. Stop code on third previous occasion.						
23			Stop code on fourth previous occasion.						
24			Stop code on fifth previous occasion.						
26	Cooling	Lo	Stop code on sixth previous occasion.						
27			Stop code on seventh previous occasion.						
28			Stop code on eighth previous occasion.						
29			Stop code on ninth previous occasion.						
30			Stop code on tenth previous occasion.						
30			Stop code on tenth previous occasion.						
Indoment							Examiner		
Judgment							Exar		
Remarks									

(g) Inspection procedures corresponding to detail of trouble

Is connector connection good? VES Is sensor resistance value good? NO Replace sensor. Replace PCB.

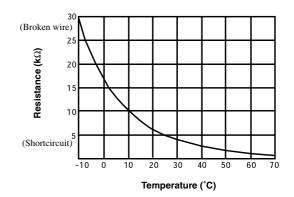
◆ Discharge pipe sensor temperature characteristics

Temperature (°C)	Resistance (k Ω)	Temperature (°C)	Resistance (kΩ)
0	164	70	8.7
5	127	75	7.3
10	99	80	6.2
15	78	85	5.3
20	62	90	4.5
25	50	95	3.9
30	40	100	3.3
35	32	105	2.9
40	26	110	2.5
45	21	115	2.2
50	17	120	1.9
55	14	125	1.6
60	12	130	1.4
65	10	135	1.3

 Sensor temperature characteristics (Room temp., indoor unit heat exchanger temp., outdoor unit heat exchanger temp., outdoor air temp.)

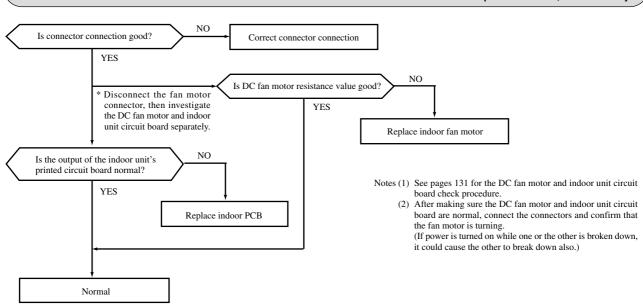
[Broken sensor wire,

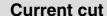
connector poor connection]



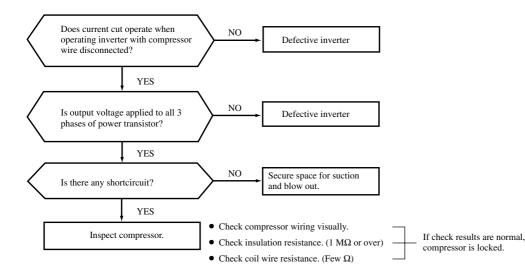
Indoor fan motor error

[Defective fan motor, connector poor connection, defective PCB]



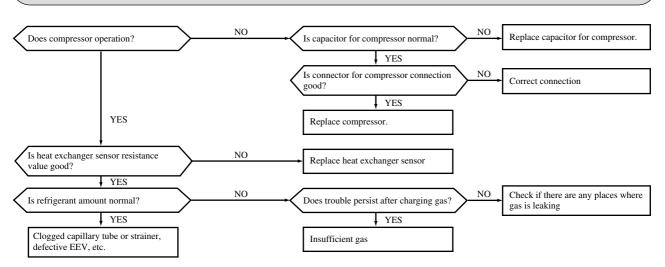


[Open phase on compressor output terminal, compressor lock]



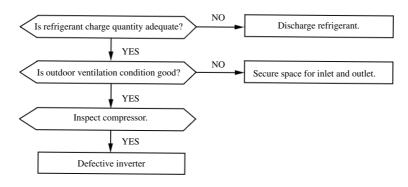
Abnormality of outdoor unit

[Compressor malfunction of insufficient gas (refrigerant)]



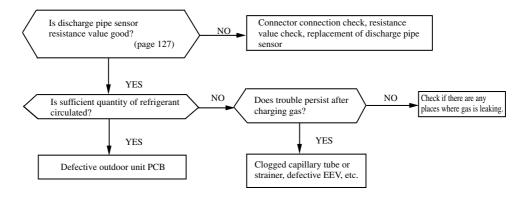
Current safe stop

[Overload operation, compressor lock, overcharge]



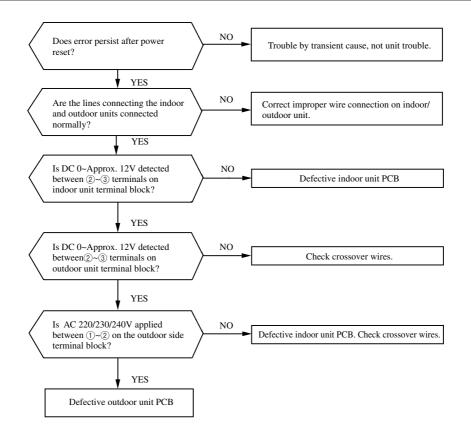
Over heat of compressor

[Gas shortage, defective discharge pipe sensor]



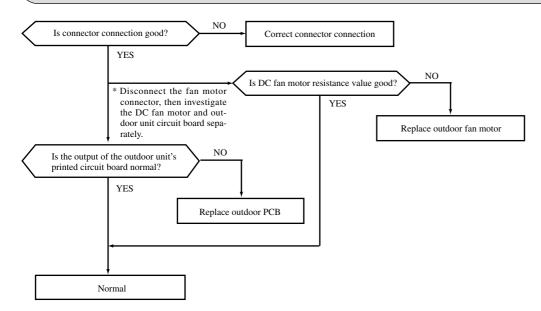
Error of signal transmission

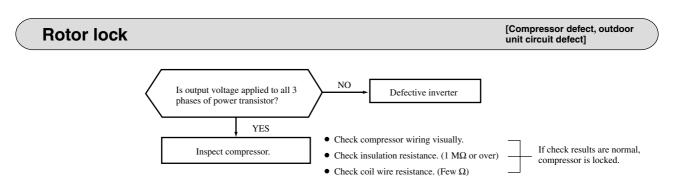
[Wiring error including power cable, defective indoor/ outdoor unit PCB]



Outdoor fan motor error

[Defective fan motor, connector poor connection, defective PCB]





(h) Phenomenon observed after shortcircuit, wire breakage on sensor

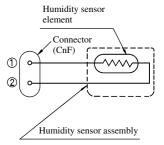
(i) Indoor unit

Sensor	Operation	Phenomenon			
Selisoi	mode	Shortcircuit	Broken wire		
Room temperature	Cooling	Release of continuous compressor operation command	Continuous compressor operation command is not released.		
sensor	Heating	Continuous compressor operation command is not released.	Release of continuous compressor operation command		
Heat exchanger Cooling sensor		Compressor stop. (Abnormality of outdoor unit)	Continuous compressor operation command is not released. (Anti-frosting)		
0011001	Heating	High pressure control mode	Hot keep (Indoor fan stop)		
Humidity Concor	Cooling	① in the table below.	① in the table below.		
Humidity Sensor Heating		Normal system operation is possible.			

1 Humidity sensor operation

Failure mode		Control input circuit reading	Air conditioning system operation	
ted	1 Disconnected wire	Humidity reading is 0%	Operates in the Dry region	
Disconnected wire	2 Disconnected wire	Humidity reading is 0%	Operates in the Dry region	
Disc	12 Disconnected wire	Humidity reading is 0%	Operates in the Dry region	
Short Circuit	① and ② are short circuited	Humidity reading is 100%	Operates in the Cooling region.	

Remark: Do not perform a continuity check of the humidity sensor with a tester. If DC current is applied, it could damage the sensor.

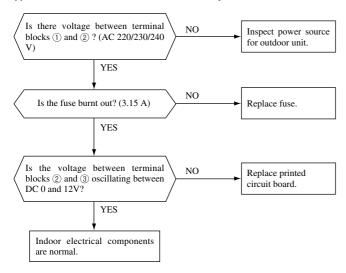


(ii) Outdoor unit

Compan	Operation	Pheno	menon		
Sensor	mode	Shortcircuit	Broken wire		
Heat exchanger	Cooling	System can be operated normally.	System can be operated normally.		
sensor	Heating	Defrosting is not performed.	Defrosting is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 45 minutes.		
Outdoor air	Cooling	System can be operated normally.	System can be operated normally.		
temperature sensor	Heating	Defrosting is not operated.	Defrosting is performed for 10 minutes at approx. 45 minutes.		
Discharge pipe sensor	All modes	Compressor overload protection is disabled. (Can be operated.)	Compressor stop		

(i) Checking the indoor electrical equipment

(i) Indoor unit circuit board check procedure



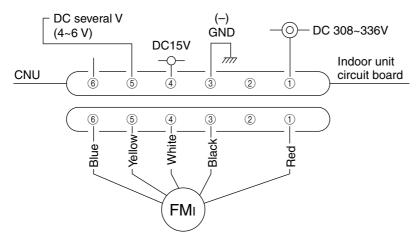
(ii) Indoor unit fan motor check procedure

This is a diagnostic procedure for determining if the indoor unit's fan motor or the circuit board is broken down.

1) Indoor unit printed circuit board output check

- a) Turn off the power.
- b) Remove the front panel, then disconnect the fan motor lead wire connector.
- c) Turn on the power. If the unit operates when the ON/OFF button is pressed, if trouble is detected after the voltages in the following figure are output for approximately 30 seconds, it means that the circuit board is normal and the fan motor is broken down.

If the voltages in the following figure are not output at connector pins No. ①, ④ and ⑤, the indoor unit's circuit board has failed and the fan motor is normal.



2) DC Fan motor resistance check

Measuring Point	Resistance when Normal
① – ③ (Red – Black)	25 MΩ or higher
4 – 3 (White – Black)	30 kΩ or higher

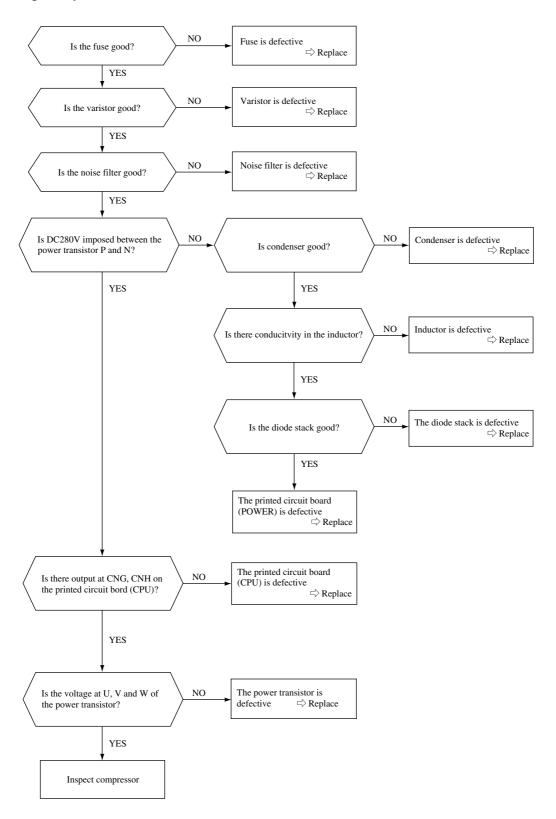
Notes (1) Remove the fan motor and measure it without power connected to it.

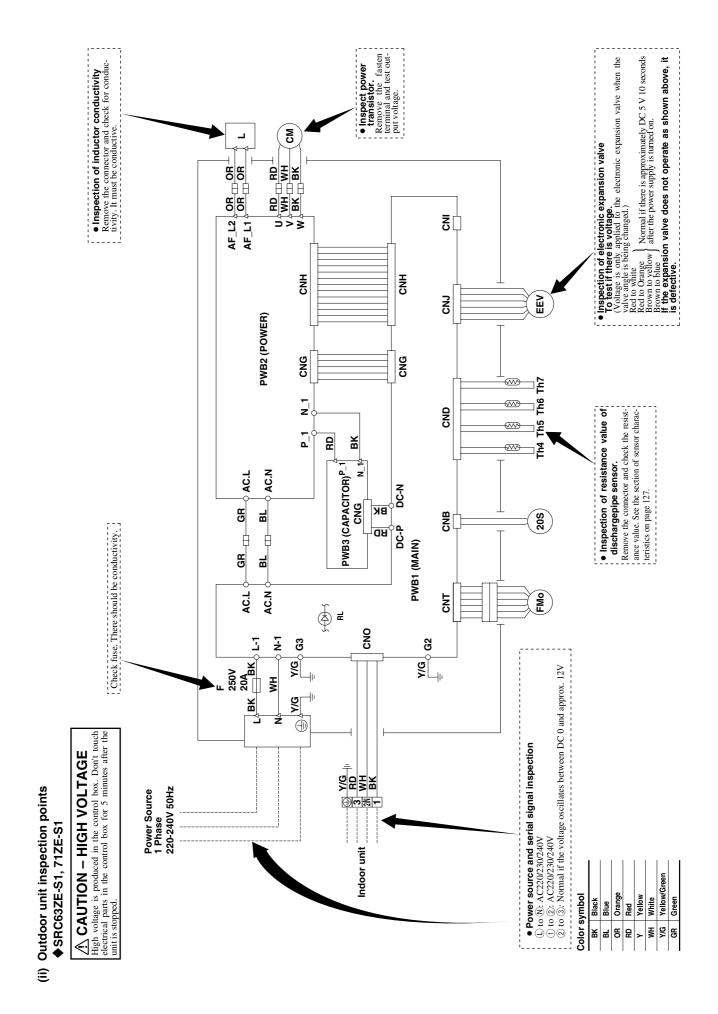
(2) If the measured value is below the value when the motor is normal, it means that the fan motor is faulty.

(j) Inverter failure diagnosis

If the results of the diagnosis in Item (h) indicate that the inverter is defective, perform the following inspection on the inverter.

(i) Diagnosis procedure

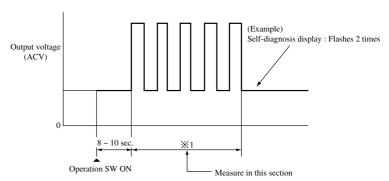




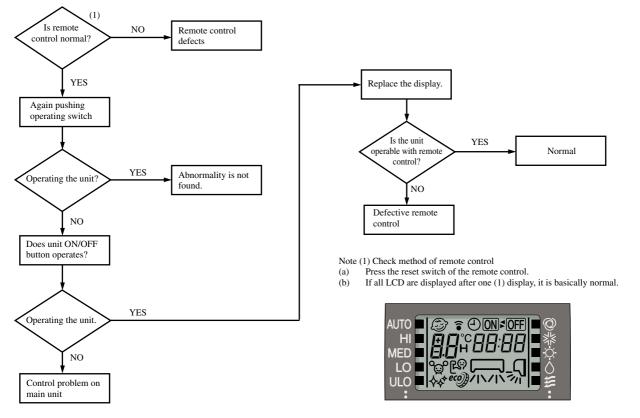
◆ Power transistor inspection procedure

[Use a tester with a needle indicator for the inspection. (Do not use a digital tester. Check in the AC 300 volt range.)]

- 1) If there is a self-diagnosis display, inspect the compressor system (burns, wiring mistakes, etc.). If no problems are found, check the output of the power transistor.
- 2) Output inspection procedure Disconnect the terminals for the compressor. If an output such as the one shown in the figure on the right can be measured, the power transistor and the circuit board for the outdoor unit are normal.
 - * For about 50 seconds. After being switched on, there will be a delay of approximately one minute depending on the conditions.



(k) How to make sure of remote control

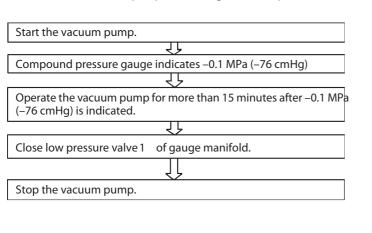


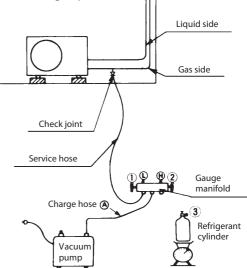
(2) Servicing

(a) Evacuation

The evacuation is an procedure to purge impurities.....noncondensable gas, air, moisture from the refrigerant equipment bygusi a vacuum pump. Since the refrigerant R410A is very insoluble in water, even a small amount of moisture left in the refrigerant equipment will freeze, causing what is called water clogging.

- **Evacuation procedure**
- Check to ensure that there is no internal pressure in the unit. If there is an internal pressure, it should be relieved through the check joint.
- (ii) Connect the service hoses of the gauge manifold to the check joint of the gas & liquid piping.
- (iii) Connect a vacuum pump to the charge hose . Repeat evacuation in the following sequence.





Notes

- (1) Do not use the refrigerant pressure to expel air.
 - Do not use the compressor for evacuation.
 - Do not operate the compressor in the vacuum condition.

(b) Refrigerant charge

- Discharge refrigerant entirely from the unit and evacuate the unit. Note: Addition of refrigerant without evacuation is unreasonable, because it will result in low charge or overcharge.
- Keep the gauge manifold and connect a refrigerant cylinder to the unit.
- (iii) Record the weight of the refrigerant cylinder on the balance. This is necessary for making sure of the charged refrigerant amount.
- (iv) Purge air from the charge hose A Firstly loose the connecting portion of the charge hos A at the gauge manihold side and open the value for a few seconds, and then immediately retighten it after observing that gas is blow out from the loosened portion.
- (v) Open the valve 1 and 3 after discharging air from the charge hoseA, then the liquid refrigerant begins flowing from the cylinder into the unit. Be sure to erect the refrigerant cylinder upright to let liquid refrigerant flow into the unit.
- (vi) When refrigerant has been charged into the system to some extent, refrigerant flow becomes stagnant, when that happens, start the compressor in cooling cycle until the unit is filled with refrigerant to the specified weight.
- (vii) Making sure of the refrigerant amount, close the valve
- (viii) Disconnect the charge hose from the unit. Cover the valve ports of the refrigerant piping with caps and tighten them refocu
- (ix) Check for gas leakage applying a gas leak detector along the piping line.
- (x) Start the air conditioner and make sure of its operating condition.....high side and low side pressures and temperatured if ence between return air and supply air.

MEMO	